



# **Informatics for Medical Physics Education**

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**&**

**Sprawls Educational Foundation**

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at**

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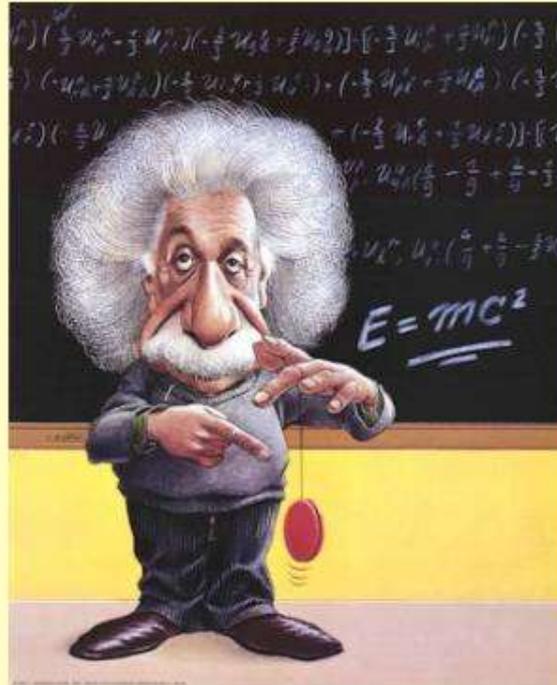
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# ***The Physicist as an Educator and Teacher***

## ***Our Objectives***

**Provide more**  
**EFFECTIVE**  
**learning activities.**



**Be**  
**EFFICIENT**  
**in our**  
**teaching**

**Challenges**      **Opportunities**

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# **Informatics for Medical Physics Education**

## **Learning Objectives**

**Use Technology to Enhance**

**Human Performance**

**for both**

**Learners and Teachers**

**Use technology to enrich  
medical physics learning activities**

**making them more**

**effective and efficient**



**January 23, 1896**

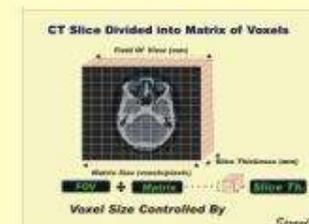
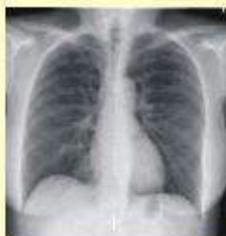


**January 23, 1896**



# The Traditional Classroom

“ A Box for Enclosing Students...”



**And hiding them from the world about which they should learning.**

# The Barrier

## Physics Education



## Clinical Imaging



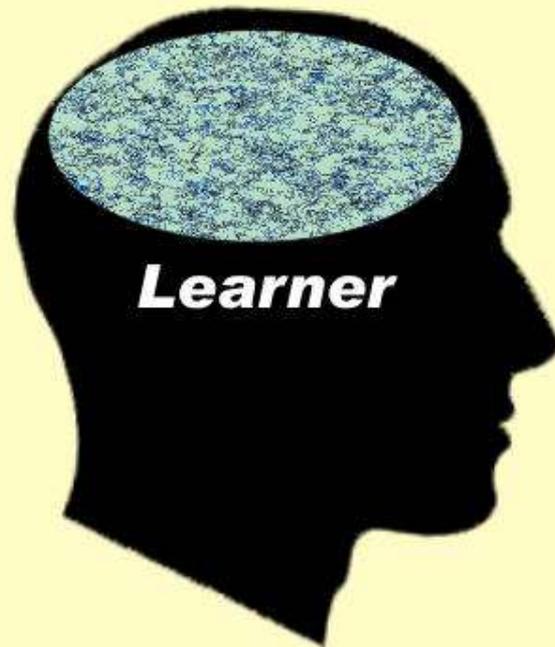
**Efficiency**

**Location, Resources, Human Effort, Cost**

**Limited Experience**

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# **Learning Physics is Building a Knowledge Structure in the Brain**



## **Physical Universe**



***A mental representation of physical reality***

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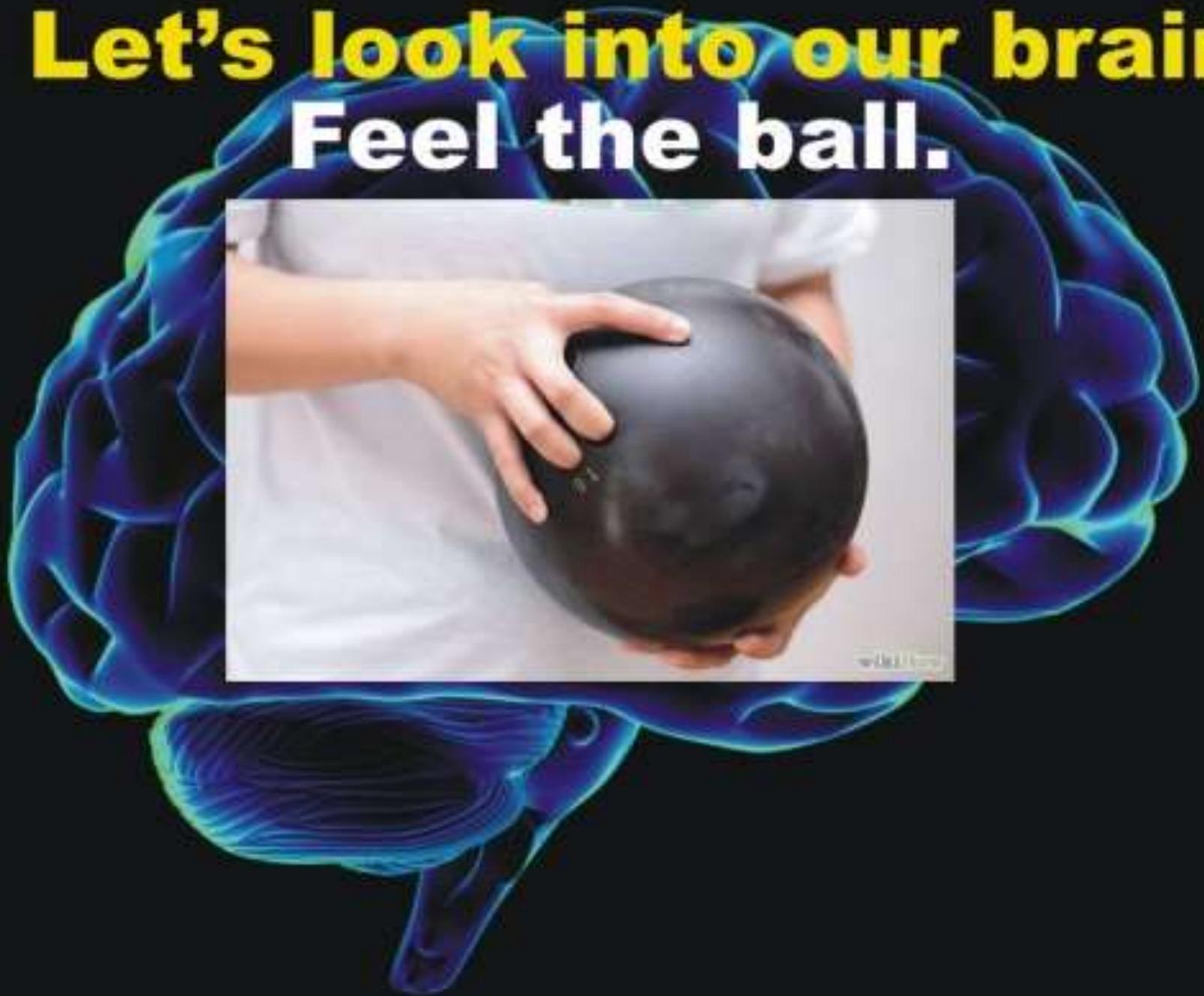
**Let's look into our brain.**



**Let's look into our brain.**  
**Look for balls.**

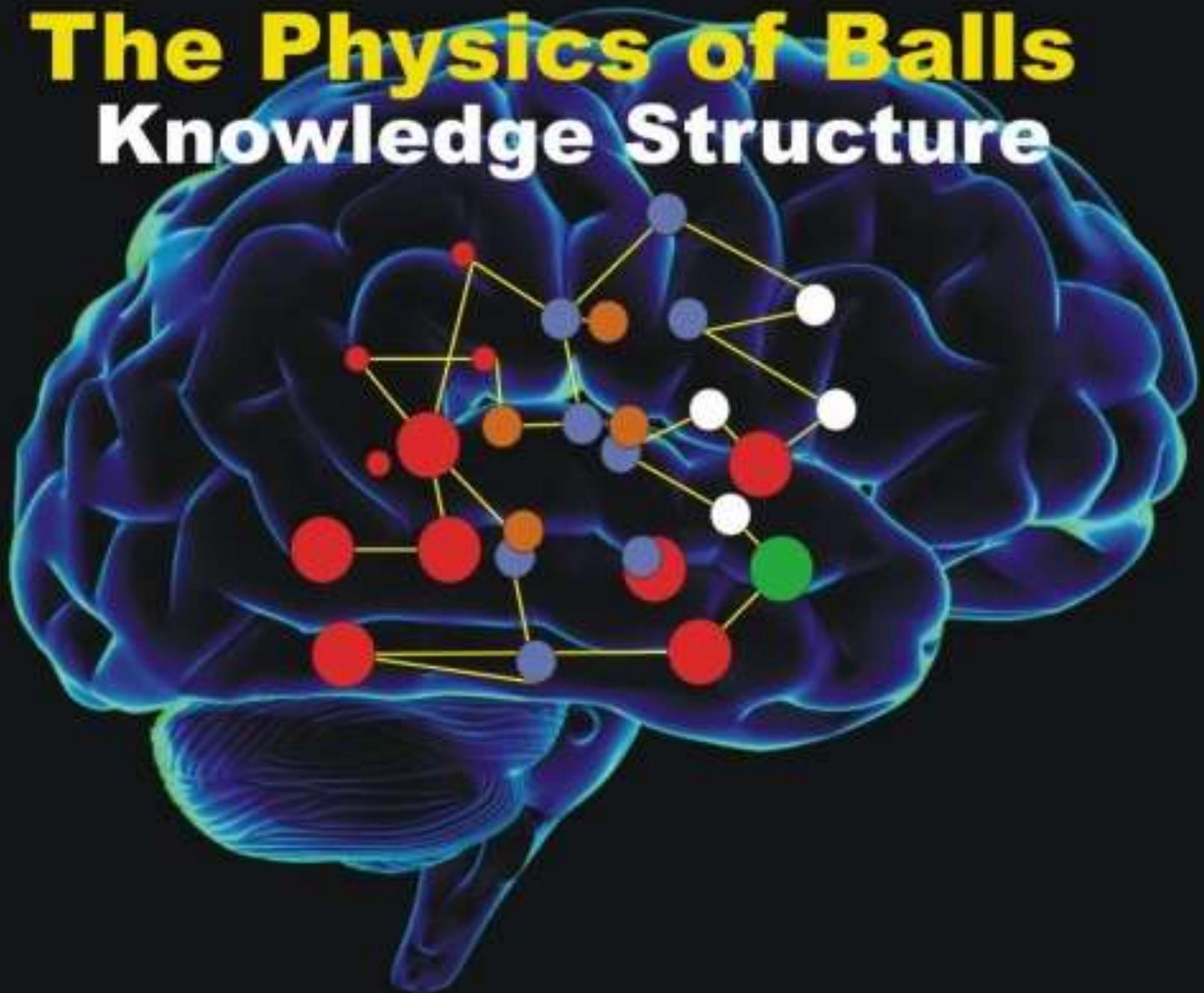


**Let's look into our brain.**  
**Feel the ball.**



# The Physics of Balls

## Knowledge Structure

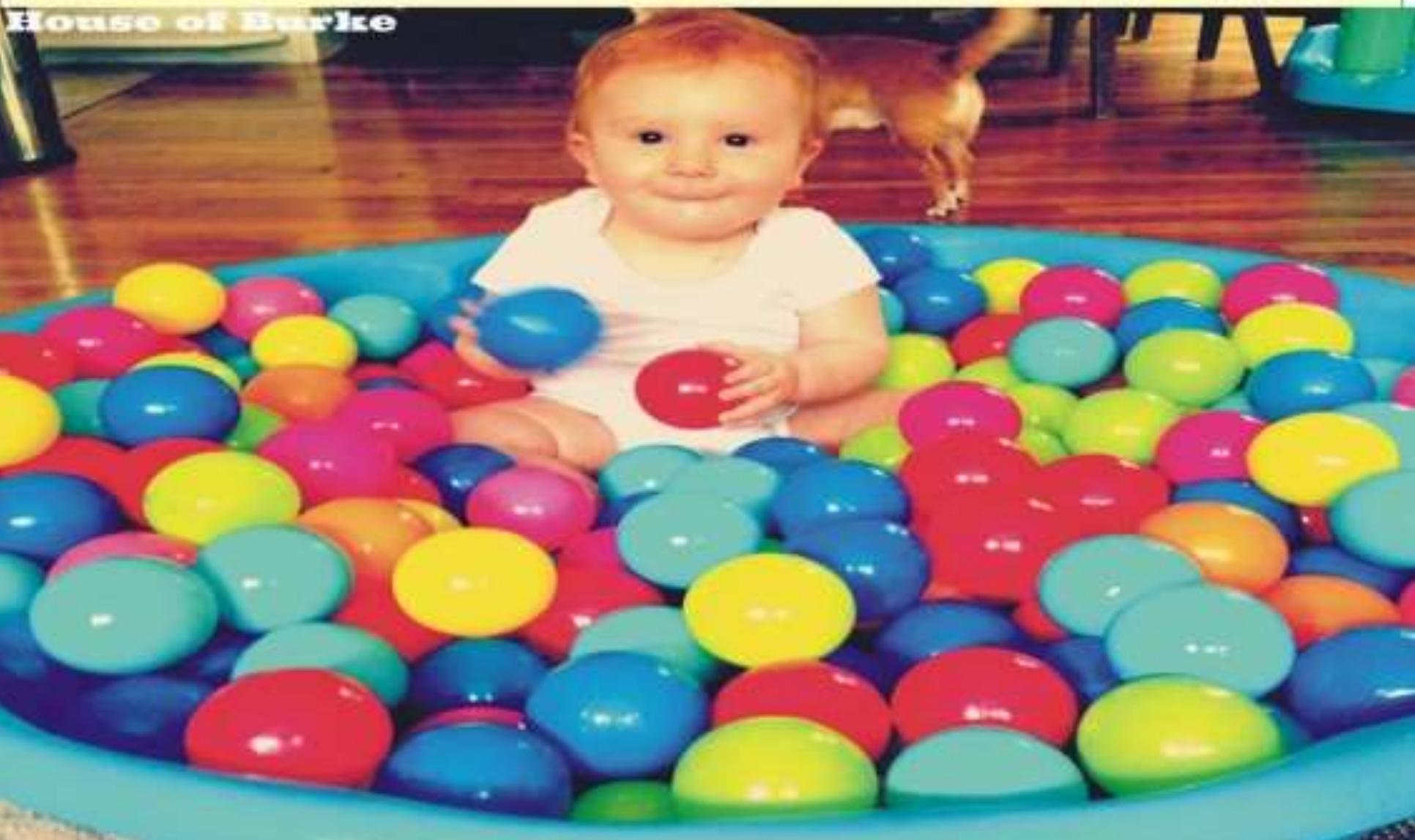


# The Classroom Lecture About Balls



# One of Our First Physics Lessons

House of Burke

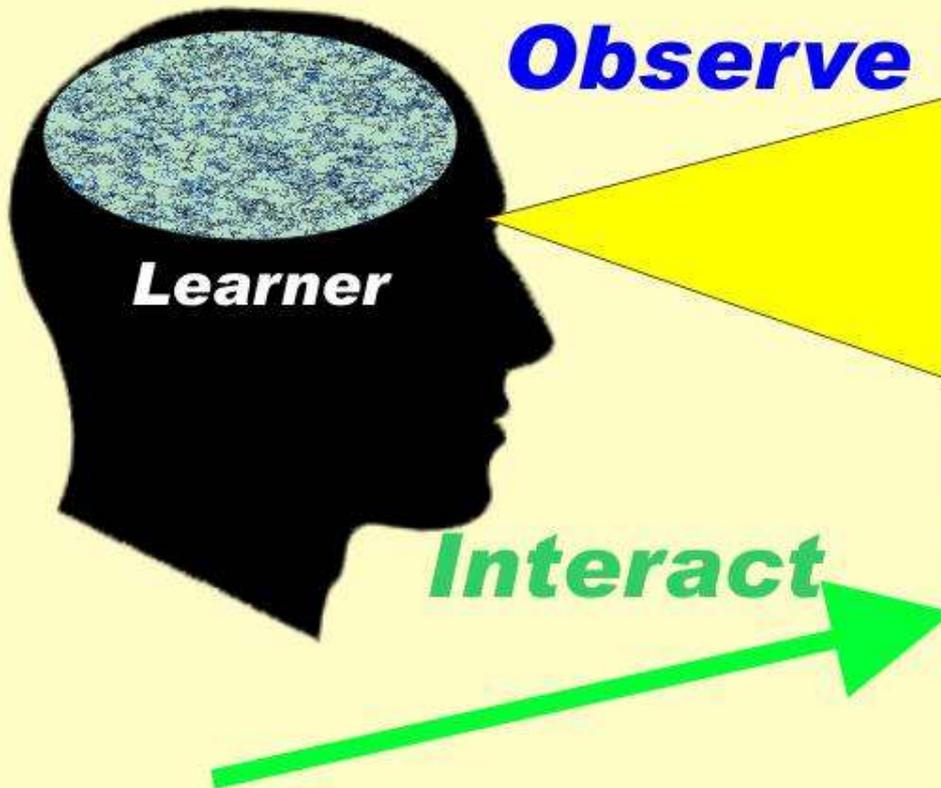


# Sensory Ball Pit

# Learning is a Natural Human Process

## *We Learn by Experience*

### Physical Universe

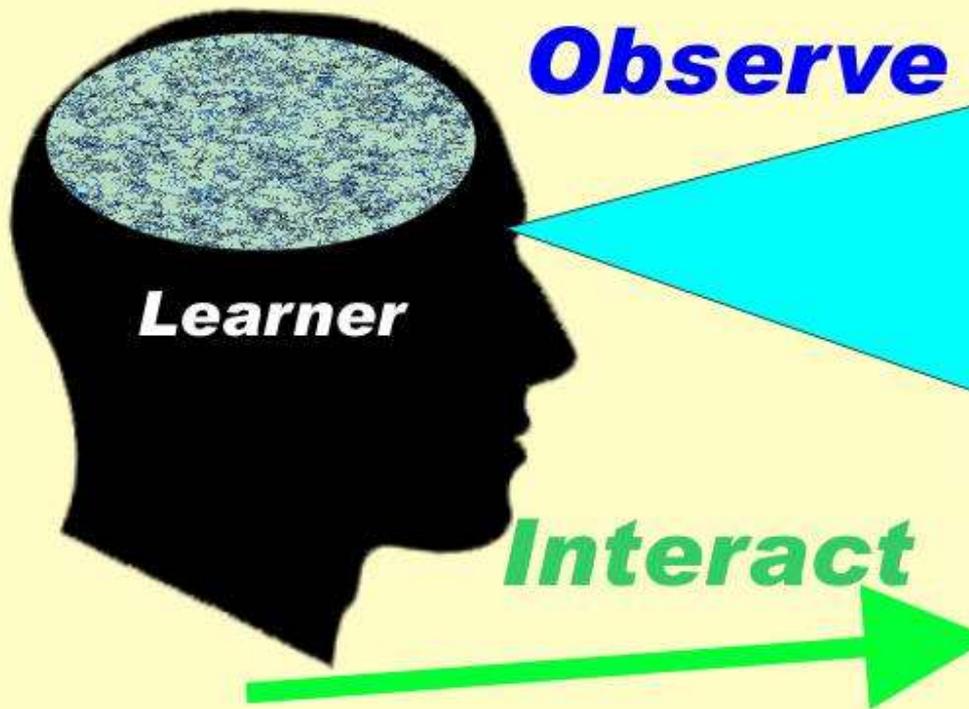


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# Learning is a Natural Human Process

## *We Learn by Experience*

### Physical Universe



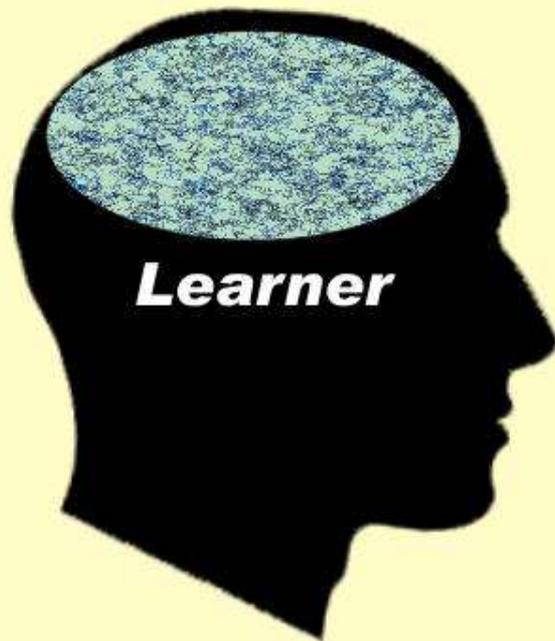
### *Our Early Physics Learning Activities*

# Teaching

**is helping someone**

**Building a Knowledge Structure in the Brain**

**Physical Universe**



***A mental representation of physical reality***

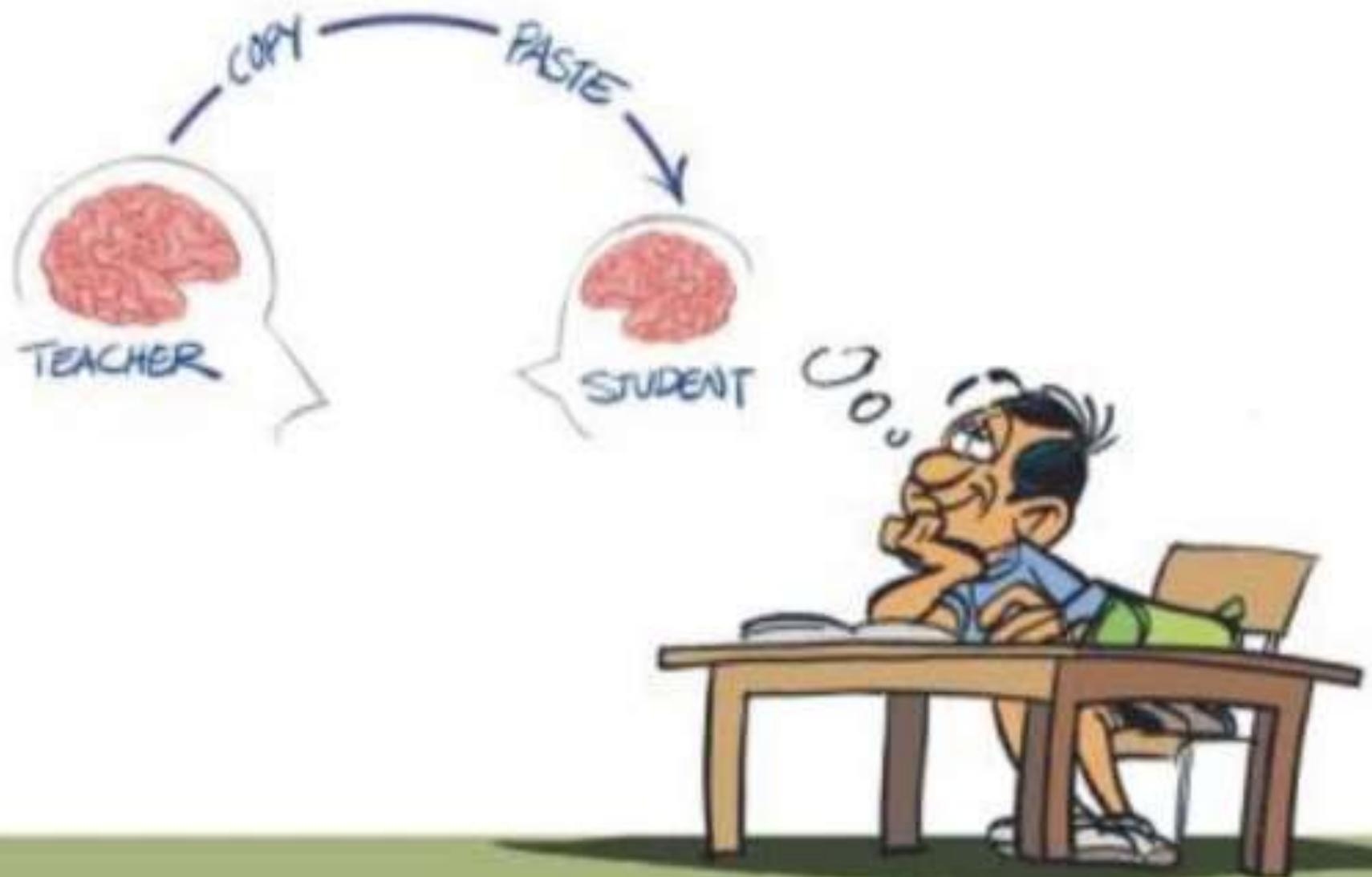
**Connect**

**Organize**

**Guide**

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# Teaching Physics **Is Not**

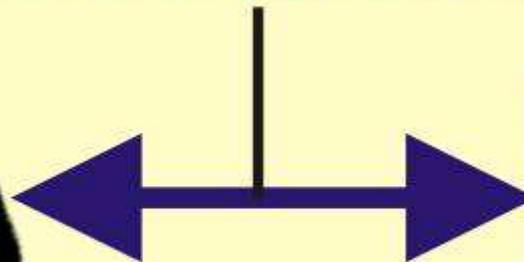
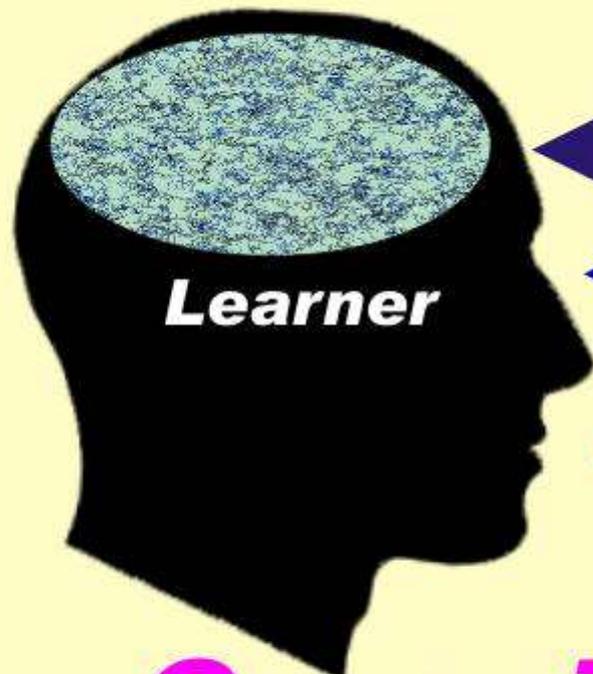


# The Role of Formal Education



**Connect**

**Physical Universe**



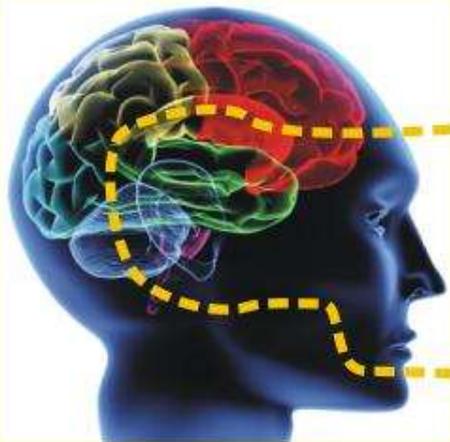
**Observe**  
**Interact**



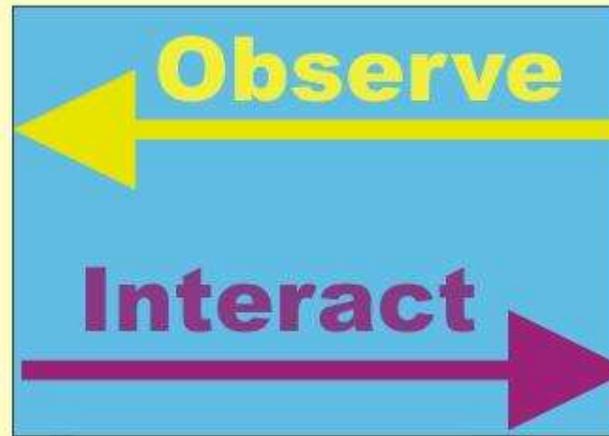
**Organize and Guide**

# The Elements of A Highly Effective Educational Session

**The Brain**



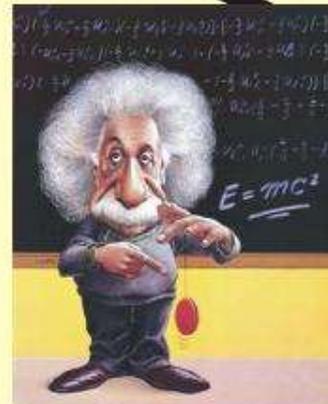
**Connection**



**The Physical Universe**  
(Physics of Medical Imaging)



**“Window”**



**Teacher  
/Guide**

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# Our Plan for Today

## Human Brain

Knowledge Structures  
How We Learn  
What we need to know



## Learning Activities

Effectiveness  
Efficiency



## Medical Physics Universe

Clinical Applications



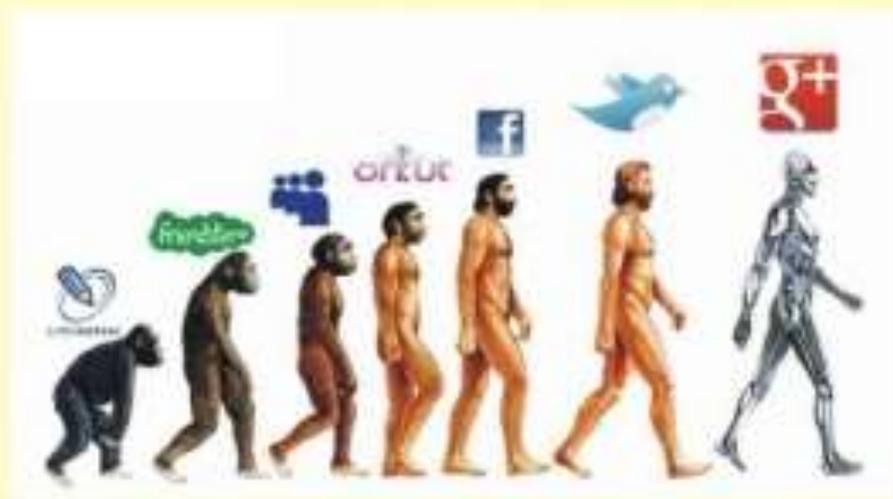
**Human Teacher**

**Technology Tools  
&  
Applications**

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# **Informatics for Medical Physics Education Works In Progress**

**Development of Applications**



**Evolution of Technology**

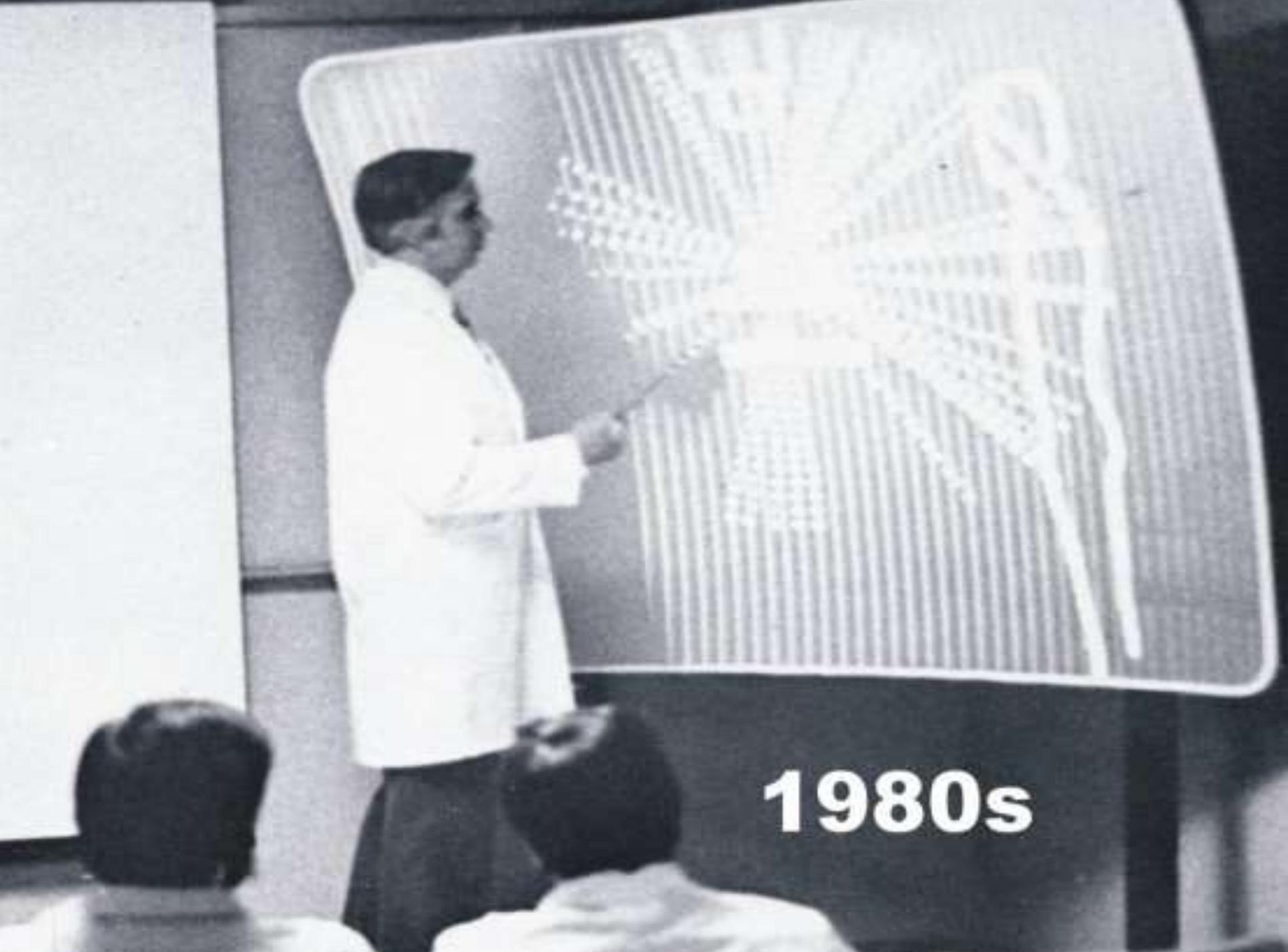
**1960**

*WELCOME TO EMORY  
My name is Perry Sprauls  
I am your teacher*





**1960s**



**1980s**

# Digital Resources to Enrich Learning Activities



**Textbooks  
Modules**

**Visuals**

**Clinical  
Images**

**Modules**

**References  
Teaching Files**



**Classroom**



**Clinical  
Conference**



**Small  
Group**



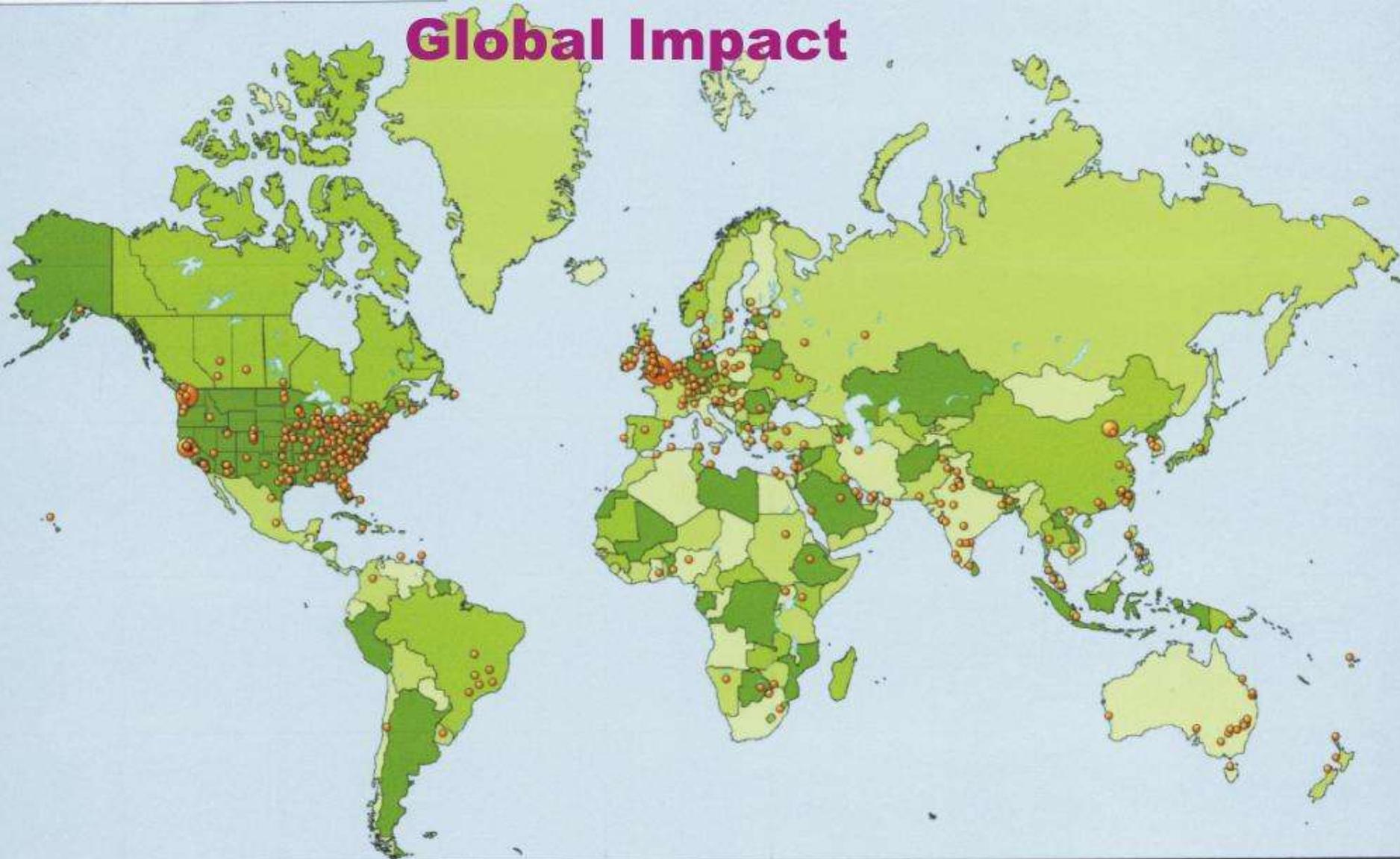
**“Flying Solo”**

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# *The Sprawls Resources*

## **Users, April 2013**

### **Global Impact**



# The Elements of A Highly Effective Educational Session

## The Brain



## The Physical Universe (Physics of Medical Imaging)



**Developing a knowledge structure.**

**Needs  
Analysis**

**Learning Objectives**

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# Who needs a knowledge of Physics applied to clinical imaging?

**Radiologists, Residents and Fellows**

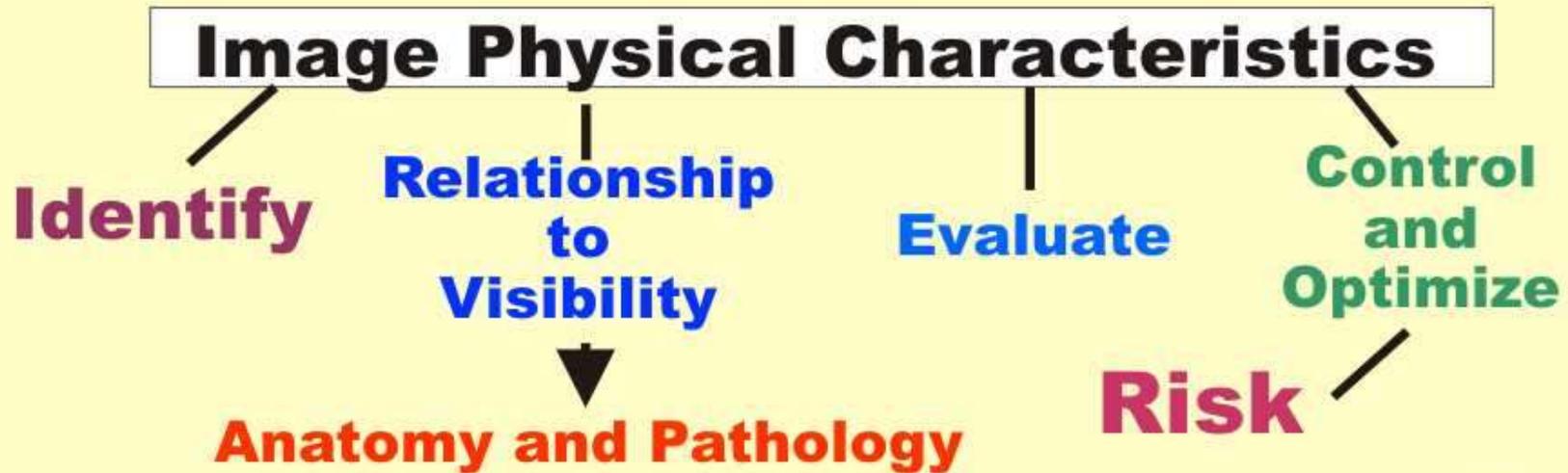
**Technologists**

**Medical Physicists**



**Each provides unique challenges and opportunities.**

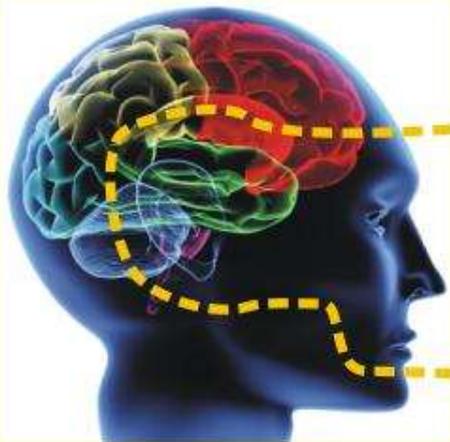
# Physics Learning Objectives for Radiologists



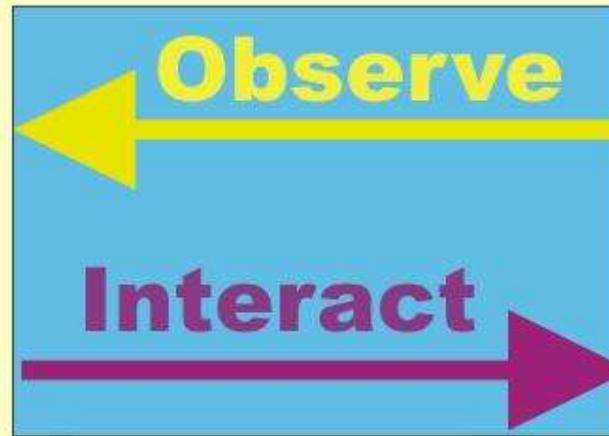
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# The Elements of A Highly Effective Educational Session

**The Brain**



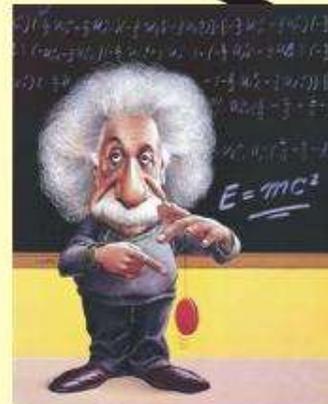
**Connection**



**The Physical Universe**  
(Physics of Medical Imaging)



**“Window”**



**Teacher  
/Guide**

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# Clinically Focused Physics Education

**Classroom**



**Clinical  
Conference**



**Small  
Group**



**“Flying  
Solo”**



**Learning Facilitator  
“Teacher”**

**Individual  
and  
Peer Interactive  
Learning**

**Each type of learning activity  
has a unique value.**

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# Digital Resources to Enrich Learning Activities

**The Web**  
**Connecting and Sharing**

**Textbooks  
Modules**

**Visuals**

**Clinical  
Images**

**Modules**

**References  
Teaching Files**



**Classroom**



**Clinical  
Conference**



**Small  
Group**



**“Flying Solo”**

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# Educational Informatics

**Warning**  
**There are risks of**  
**adverse effects**  
**for both**  
**Learners and Teachers**



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# My Value...

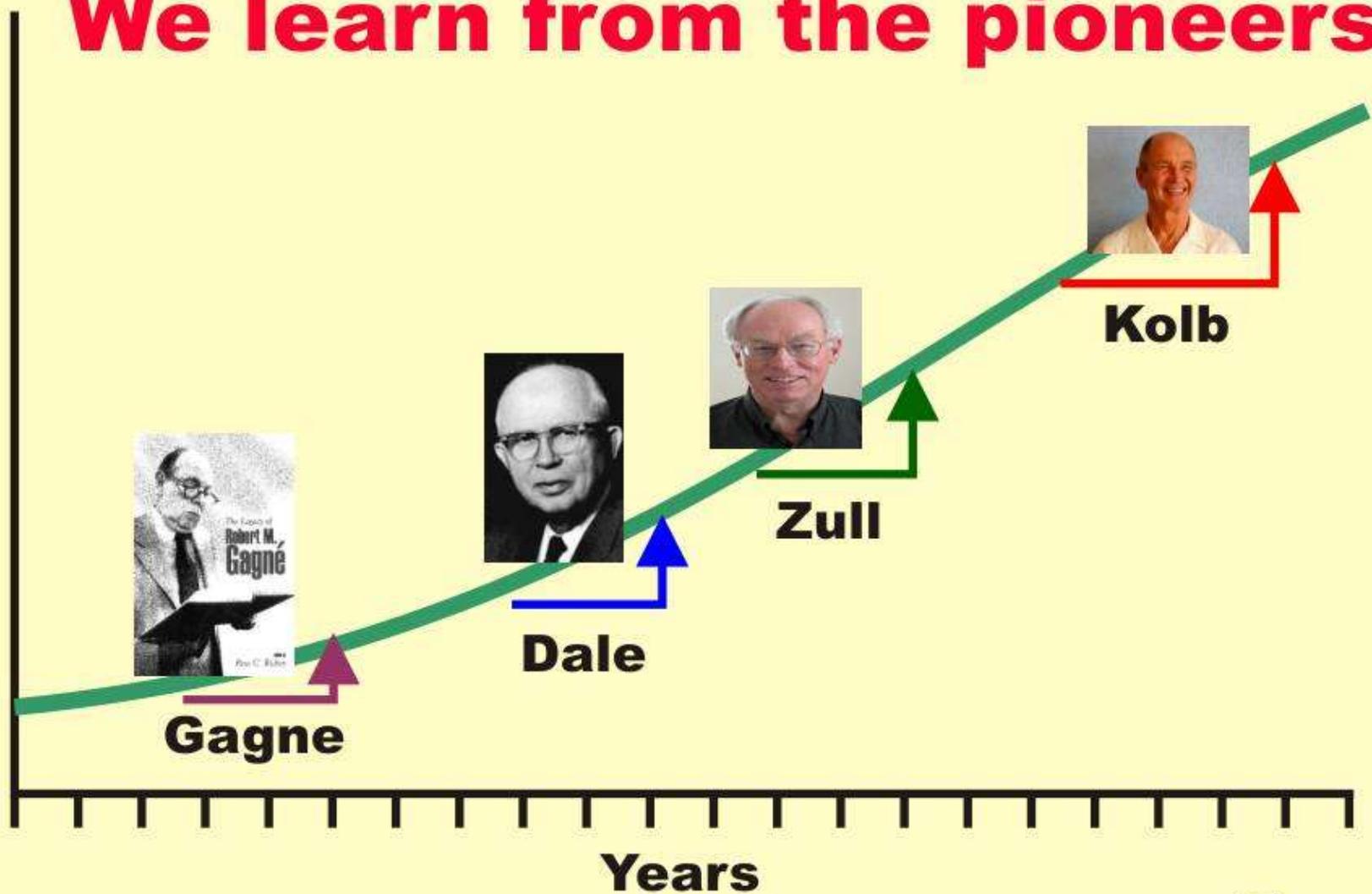
**Technology is a Tool  
it is not  
The Teacher**



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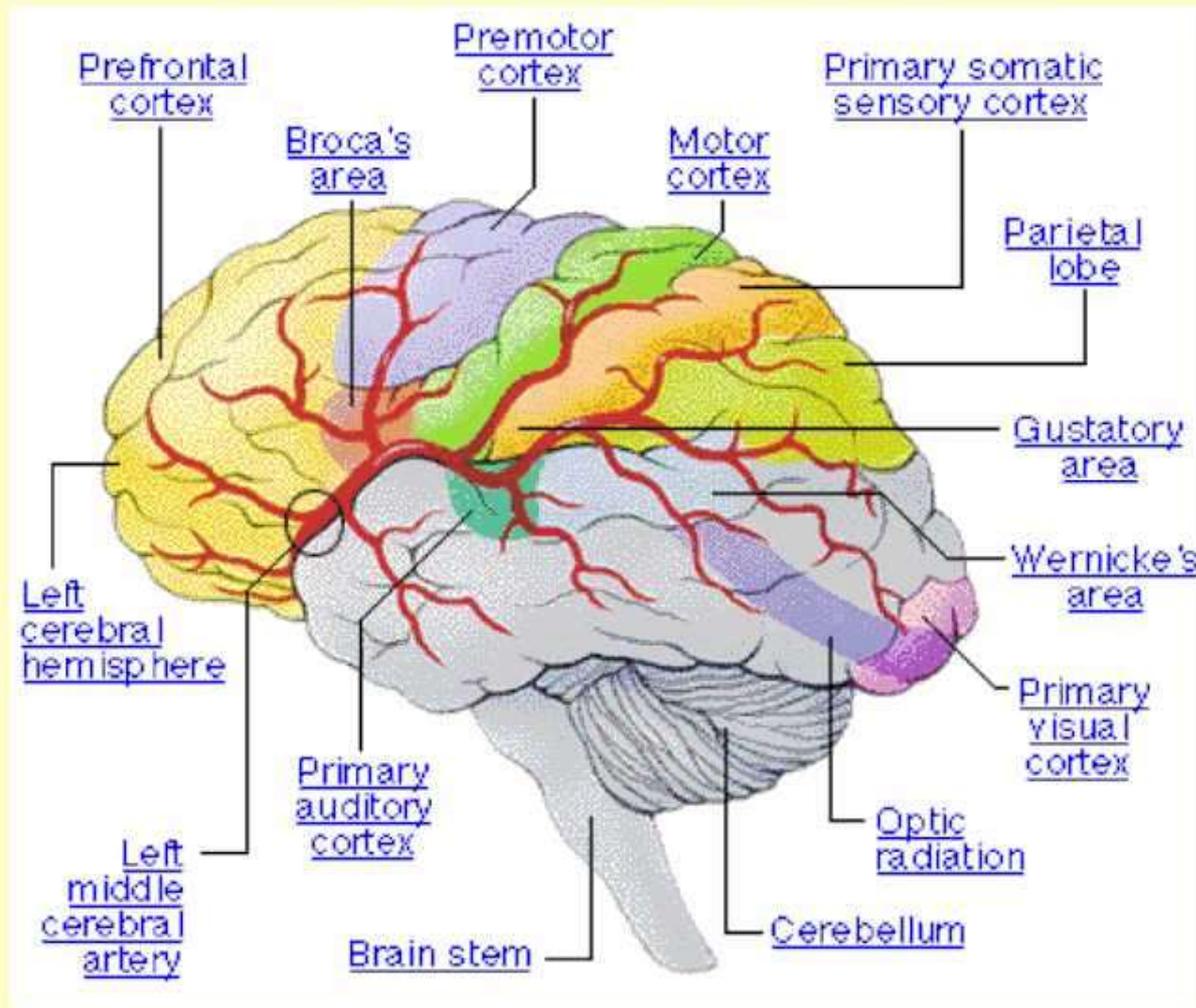
# Knowledge of the Learning & Teaching Process

## We learn from the pioneers



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# The Brain...



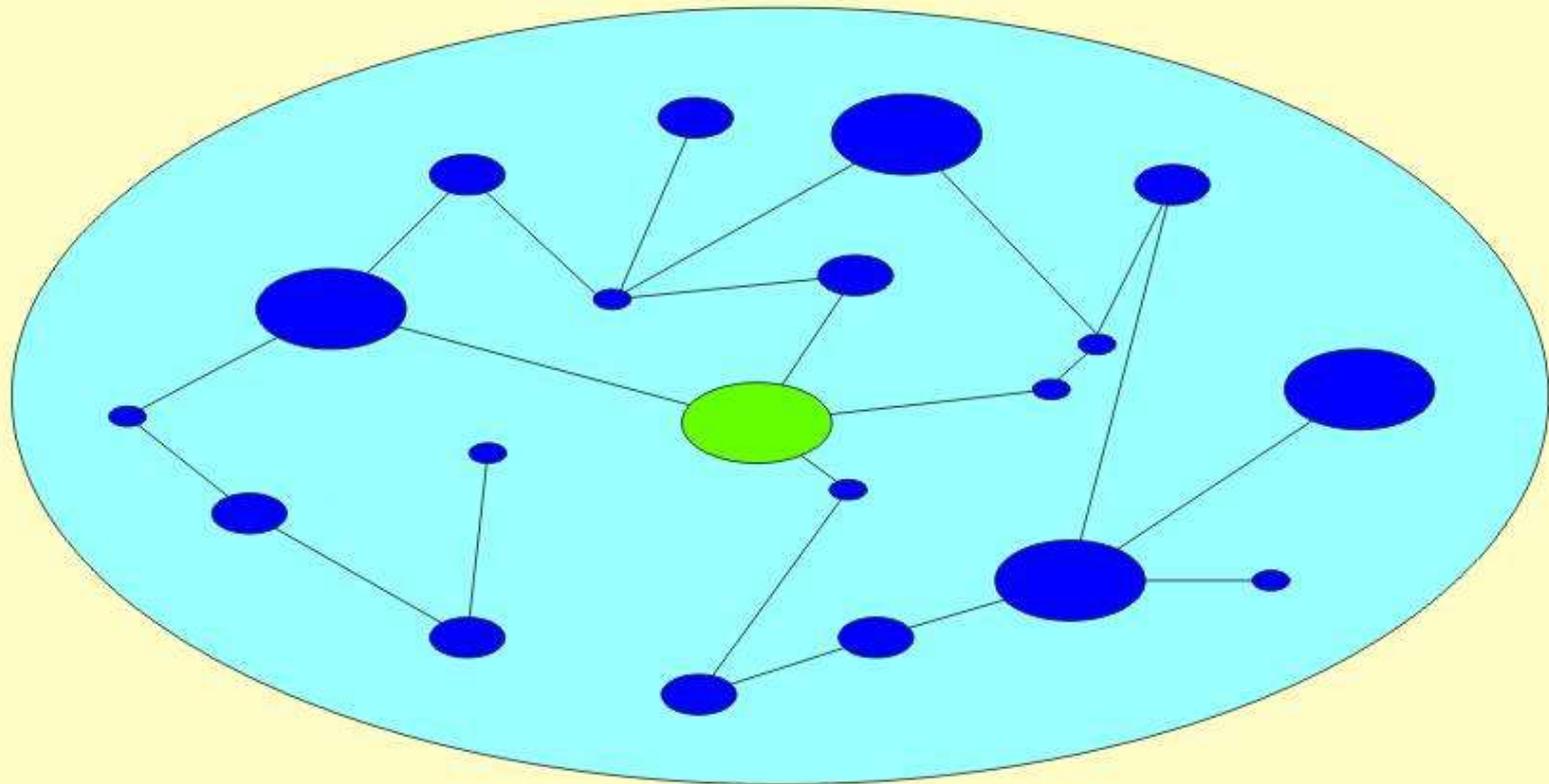
## Structure and Function

Image: AMA

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# **Knowledge Structures in the Brain**

## **A Complex Network**



**Concepts**

**Images**

**Facts**

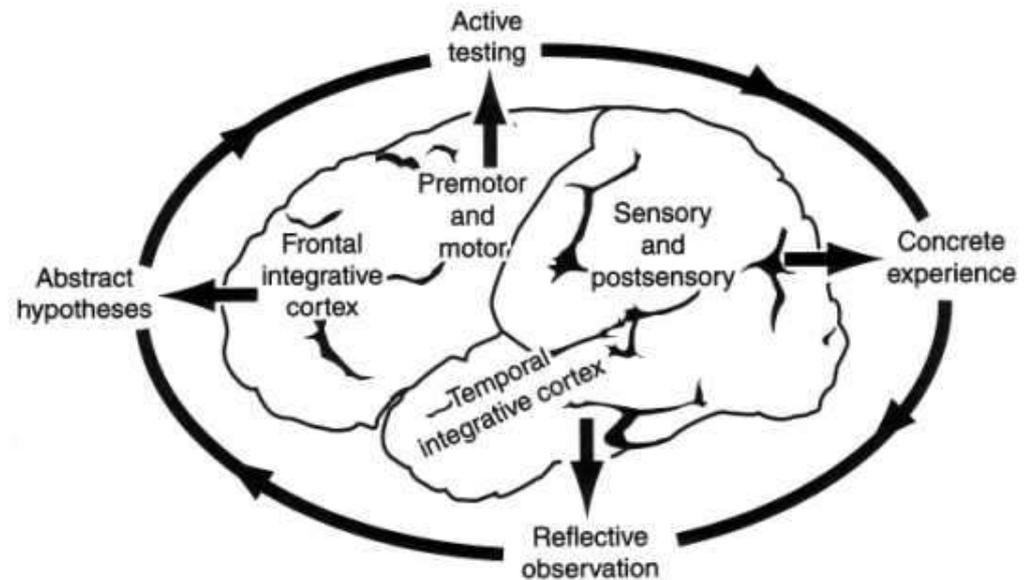
**Language**

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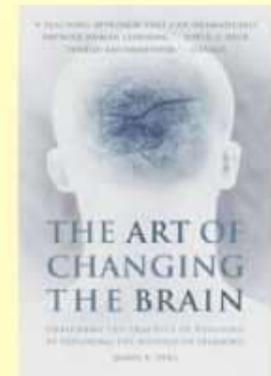
# Zull's Model of Brain Function



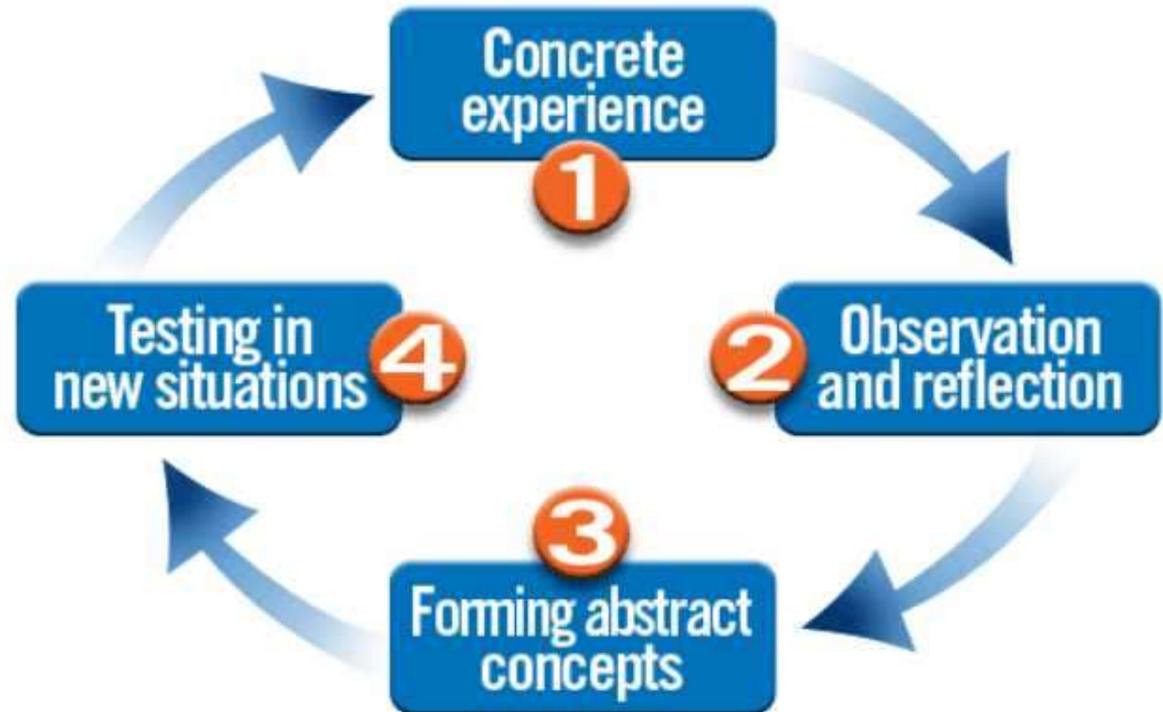
**James Zull, Ph.D.**  
**Professor of Biology**  
**Professor of Biochemistry**  
**Director of University Center for**  
**Innovation in Teaching and**  
**Education**  
**Case Western Reserve**



**Reference:**



# ***Kolb's Experiential Learning Model***



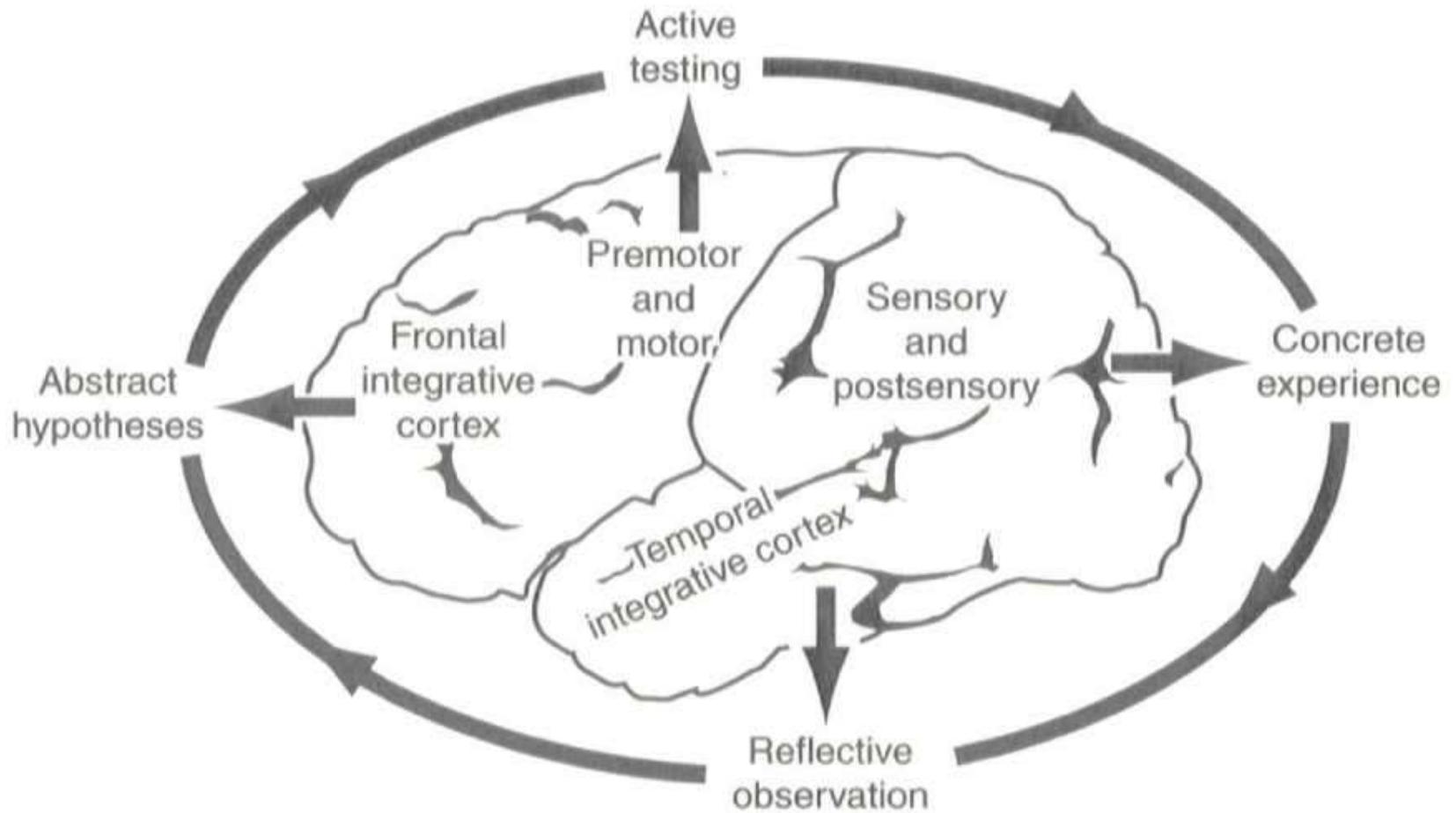
***David A. Kolb, Ph.D.***

***Professor of Organizational Behavior***

***Case Western Reserve***

***Website: <http://www.learningfromexperience.com>***

# Zull's Model of Brain Function



# Brain Functions for Learning Physics

## Control

### Sensory



### Back Integrative Cortex

## Where

(Relationships)

(Characteristics)

## What

(Identification)

## Language

Comprehension

### Frontal Integrative Cortex

Making Plans

Evaluating

Problem Solving

## Language

Assembly

### Motor



## Emotions

# Brain Functions for Learning Physics

## Control

**Sensory**



**Back Integrative  
Cortex**

**Records  
of the  
Past**

**Reflection**

**Frontal Integrative  
Cortex**

**Preparation  
for the  
Future**

**Hypotheses**

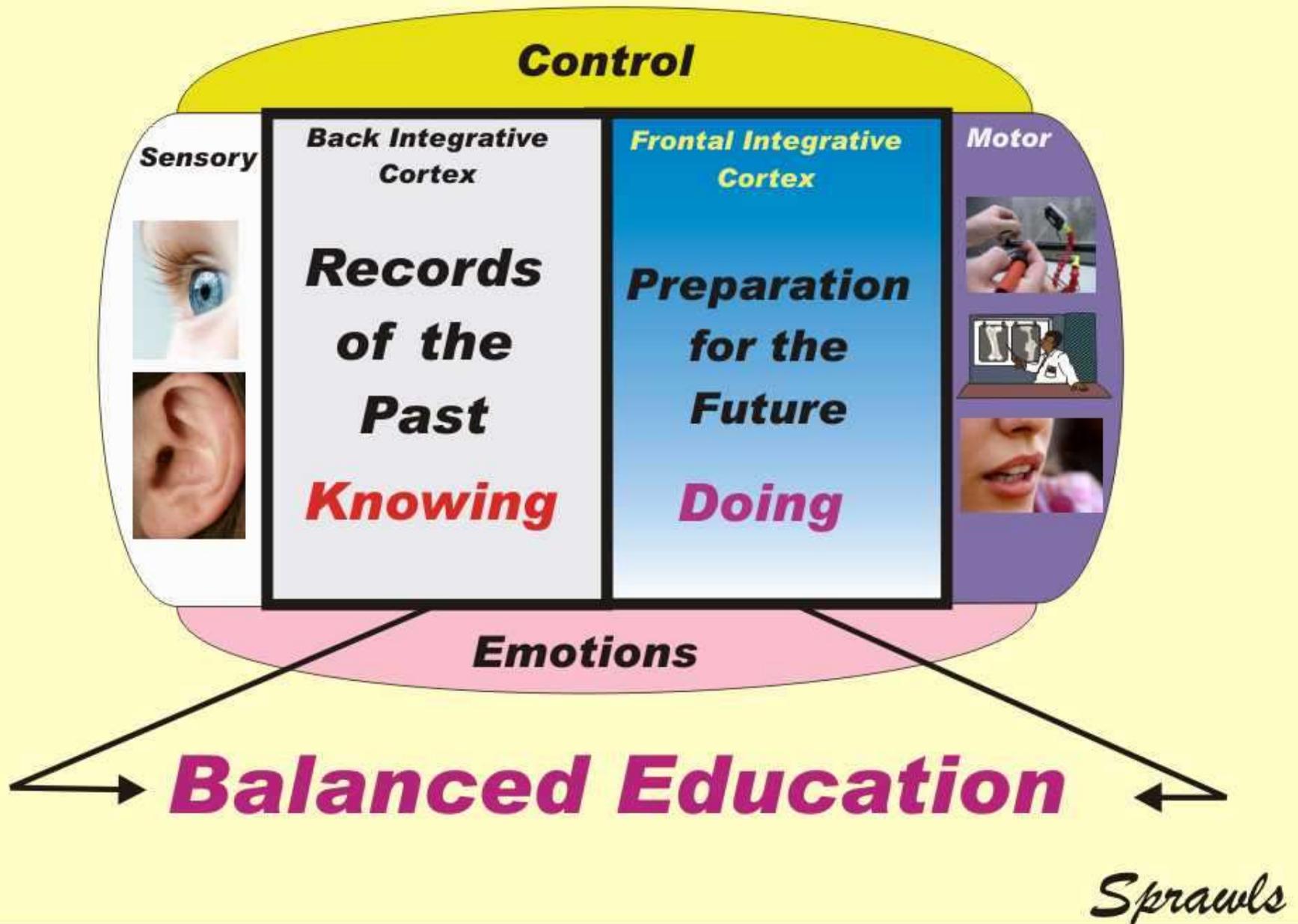
**Motor**



**Emotions**

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# Brain Functions for Learning Physics



# Forming Knowledge Structures

**Physical Universe**

**Back Integrative Cortex**



**Sensory**



**Visible Physical Objects**

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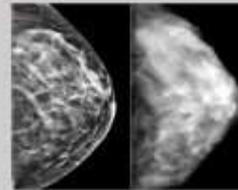
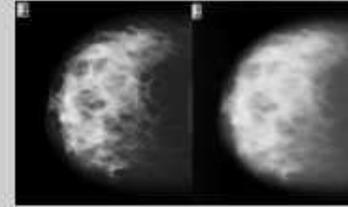
# Forming Knowledge Structures

## Physical Universe

## Back Integrative Cortex



Sensory



## Visible Physical Objects

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# Forming Knowledge Structures

**Physical Universe**

**Back Integrative Cortex**

**Radiation**  
**Electrons**  
**Magnetic**  
**Atomic**  
**Nuclear**

**Sensory**



**Invisible Physical Objects**

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# Forming Knowledge Structures

**Physical Universe**

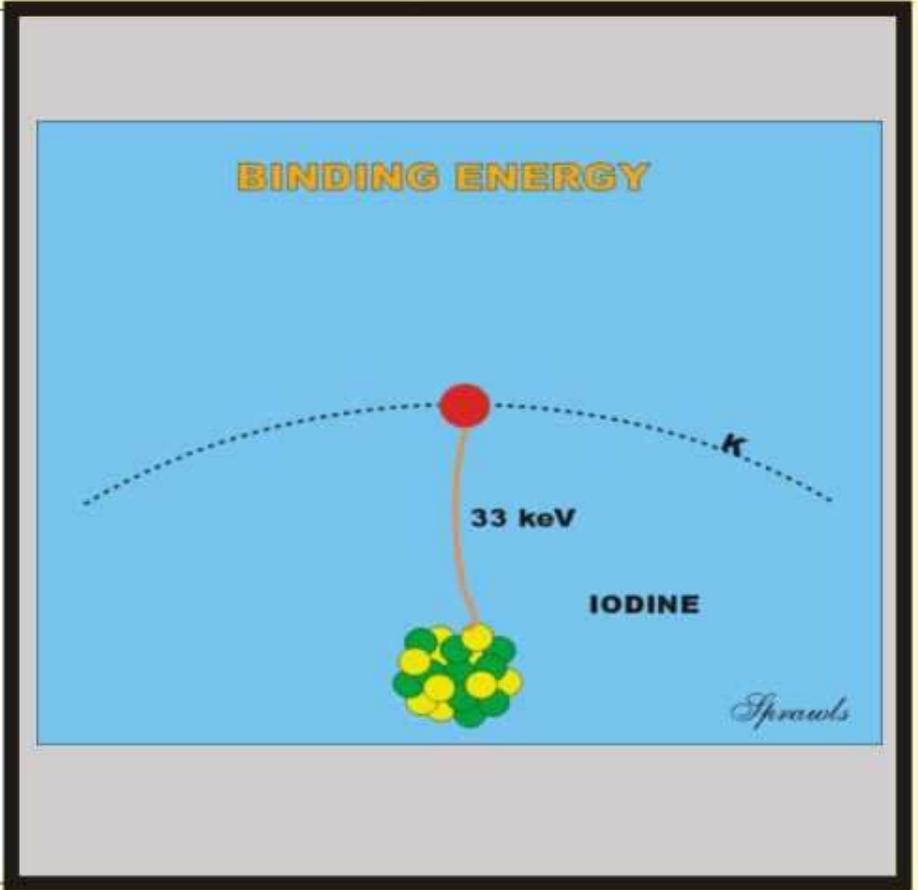
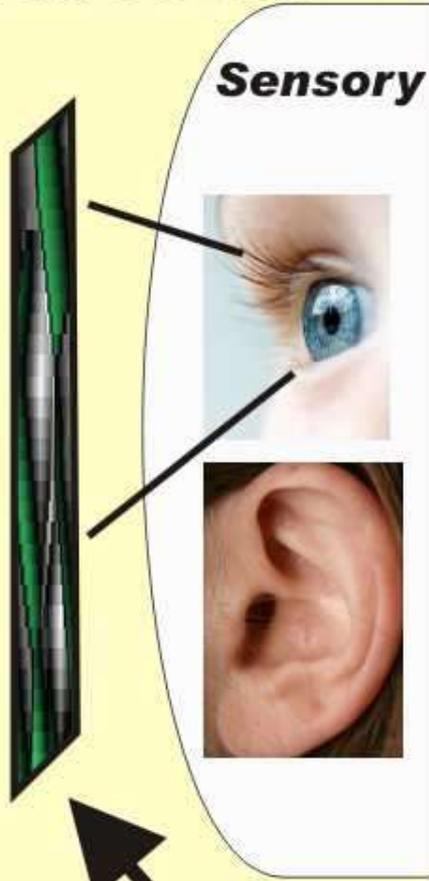
**Back Integrative Cortex**

**Radiation**  
**Electrons**  
**Magnetic**  
**Atomic**  
**Nuclear**



**Invisible**

**Physical Objects**



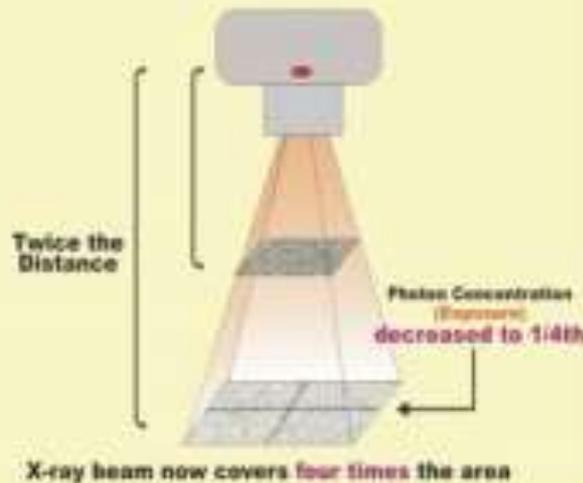
**Visuals**

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# The Physical Universe



The inverse square law is.....



The Inverse Square Law

$$\frac{I_1}{(d_1)^2} = \frac{I_2}{(d_2)^2}$$

$I_1$  is the initial intensity of radiation,  $d_1$  is the initial distance, and  $I_2$  is the final intensity, and  $d_2$  is the final distance.

Verbal

Sensory

Mathematical

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# Forming Knowledge Structures

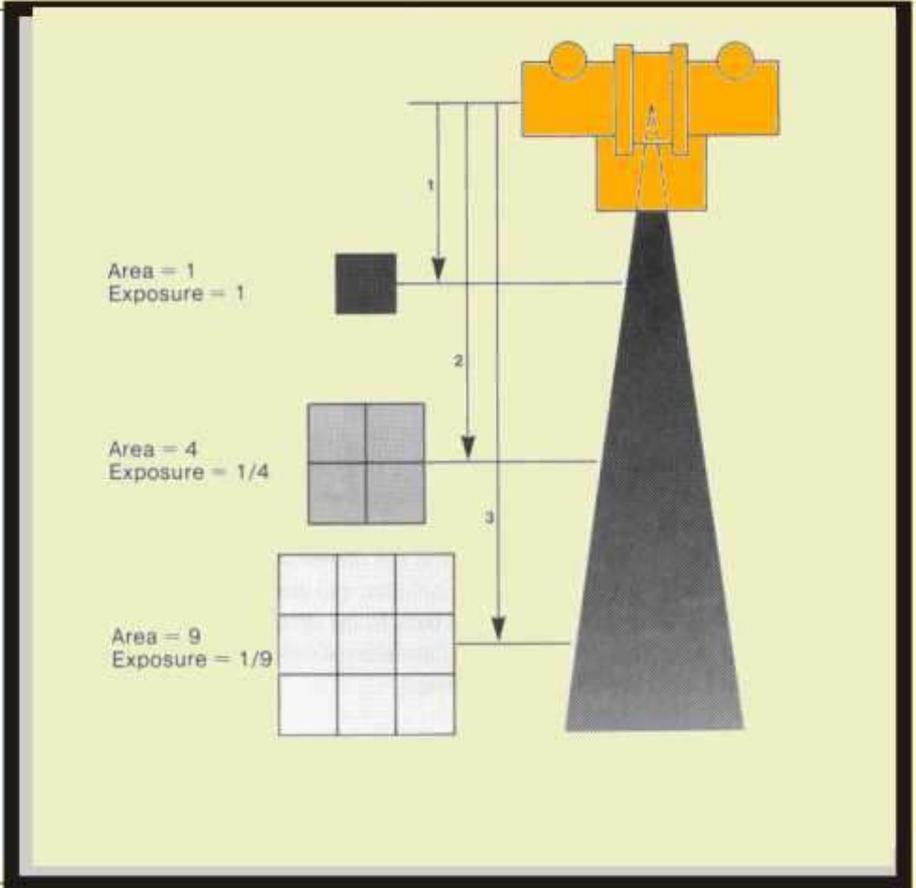
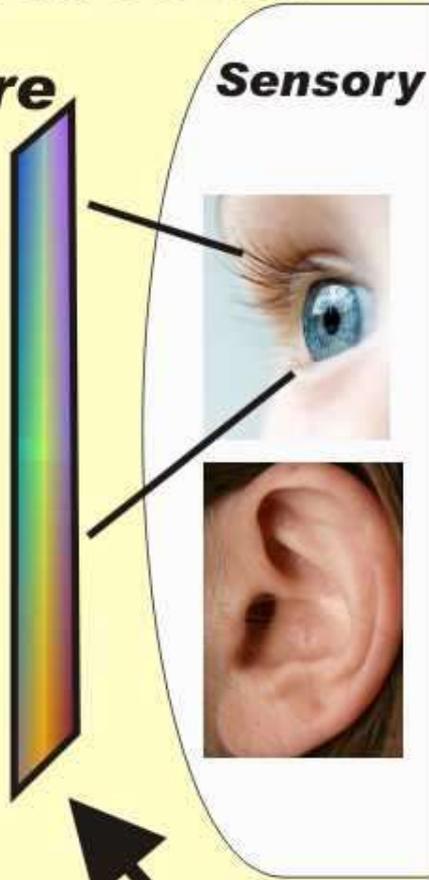
**Physical Universe**

**Back Integrative Cortex**

**Inverse Square Effect**



**Invisible Concepts Ideas**



**Visuals**

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# The Barrier

## Physics Education



## Clinical Imaging



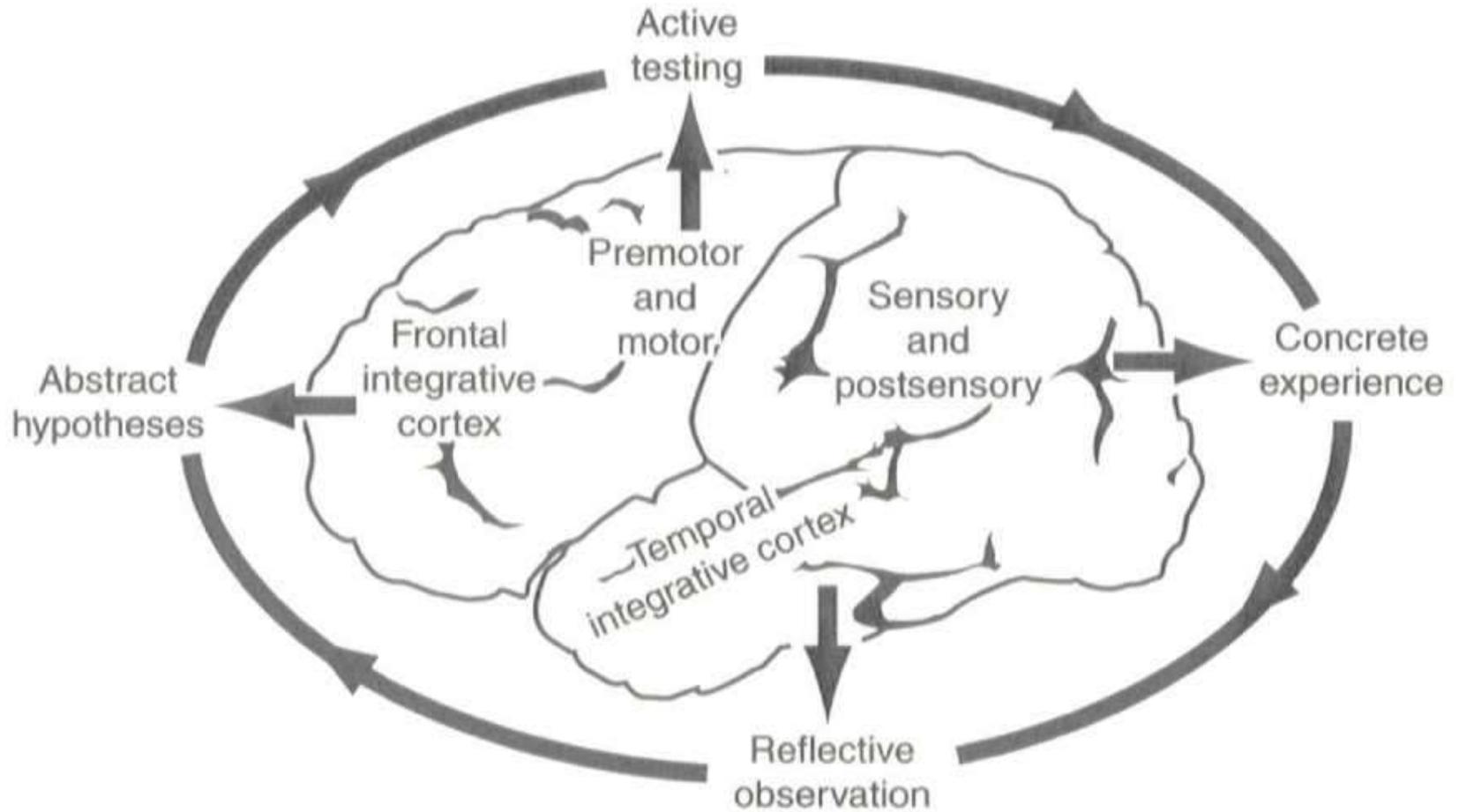
**Efficiency**

**Location, Resources, Human Effort, Cost**

**Limited Experience**

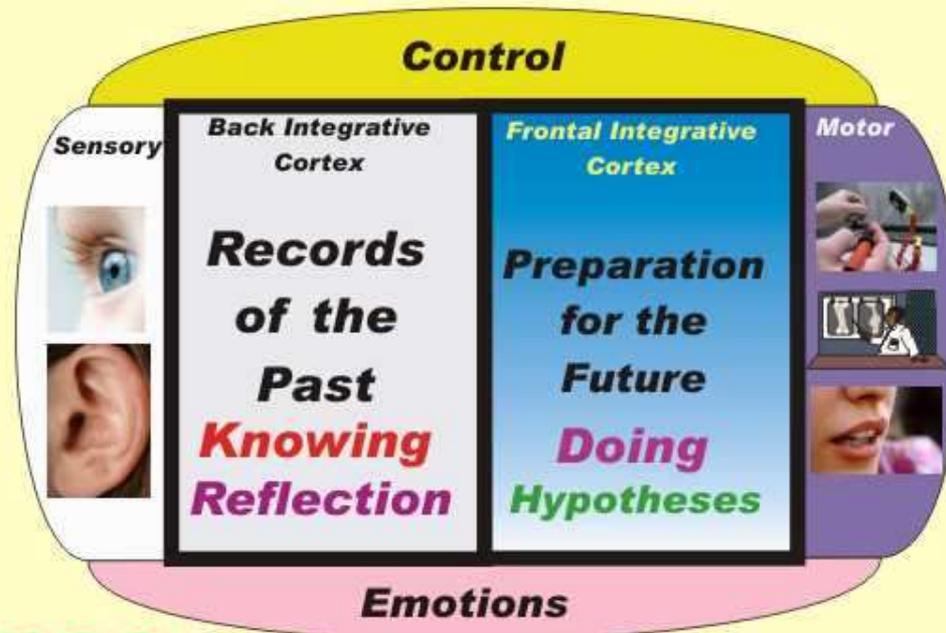
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# Zull's Model of Brain Function



# Brain Functions for Learning Physics

## Active Experimentation and Testing



**Sense  
and  
Experience  
Observe**

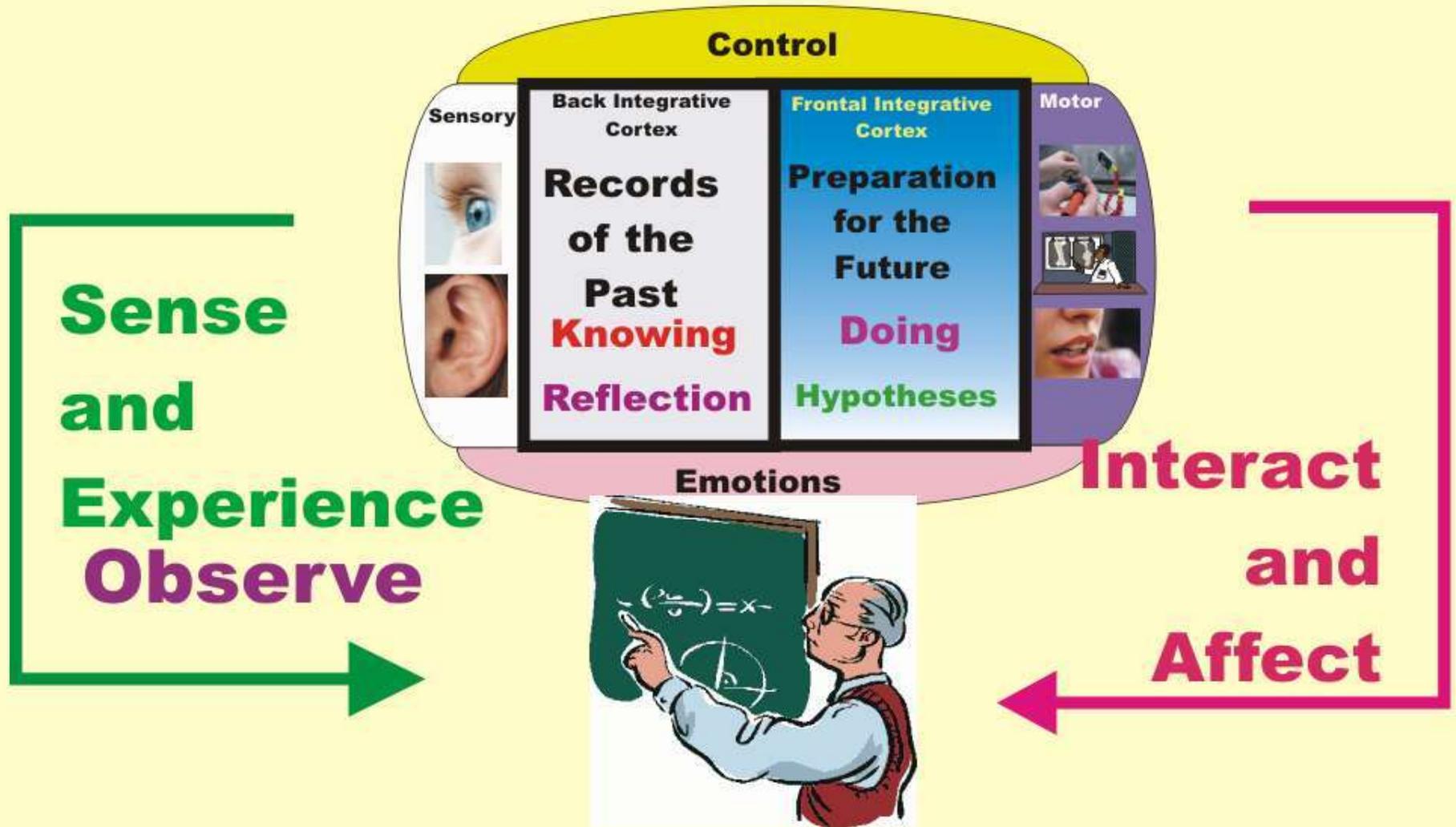
**Interact  
and  
Affect**



**Physical Universe**

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# Brain Functions for Learning About Learning Physics



**Our Teaching**

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# Robert Gagne (1916-2002)

Best known for his **Nine Events of Instruction**



**The Gagne assumption is that different types of learning exist, and that different instructional conditions are most likely to bring about these different types of learning**

**Gagné was also well-known for his sophisticated stimulus-response theory of eight kinds of learning which differ in the quality and quantity of stimulus-response bonds involved. From the simplest to the most complex, these are:**

**signal learning (Pavlovian conditioning)**

**stimulus-response learning (operant conditioning)**

**chaining (complex operant conditioning)**

**verbal association**

**discrimination learning**

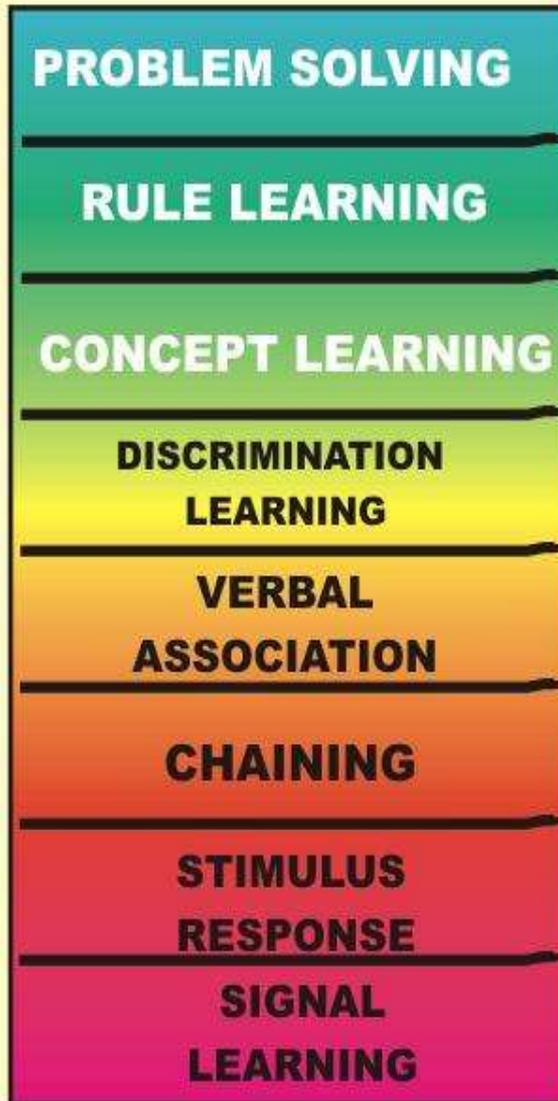
**concept learning**

**rule learning**

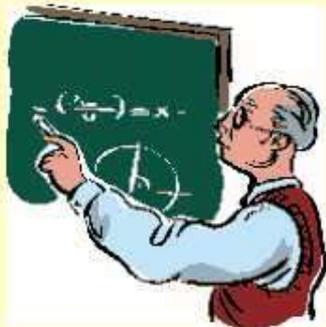
**and problem solving.**

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# Gagne's Hierarchy of Learning

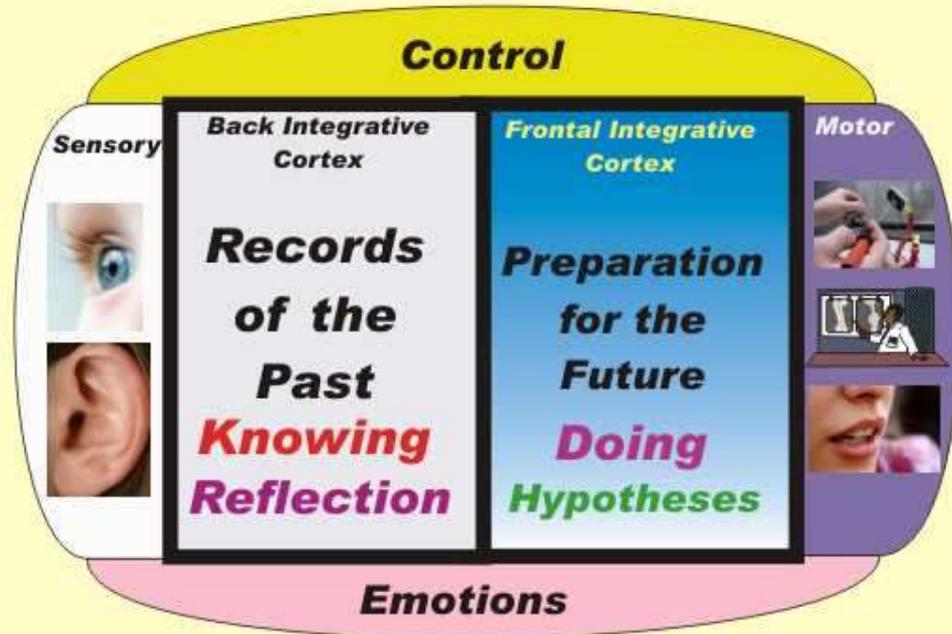


# Challenging Learning Environments



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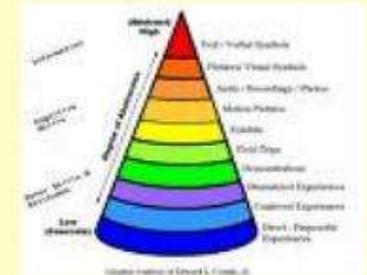
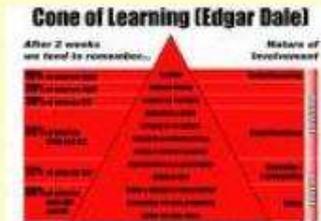
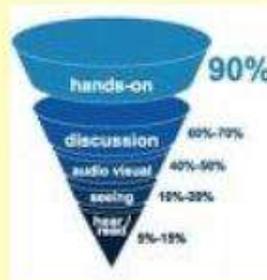
# Rich Learning Environments



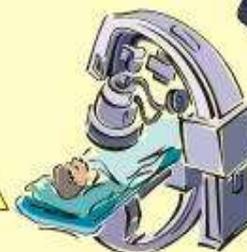
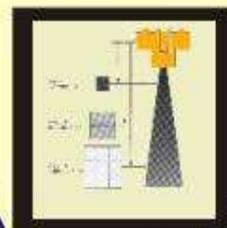
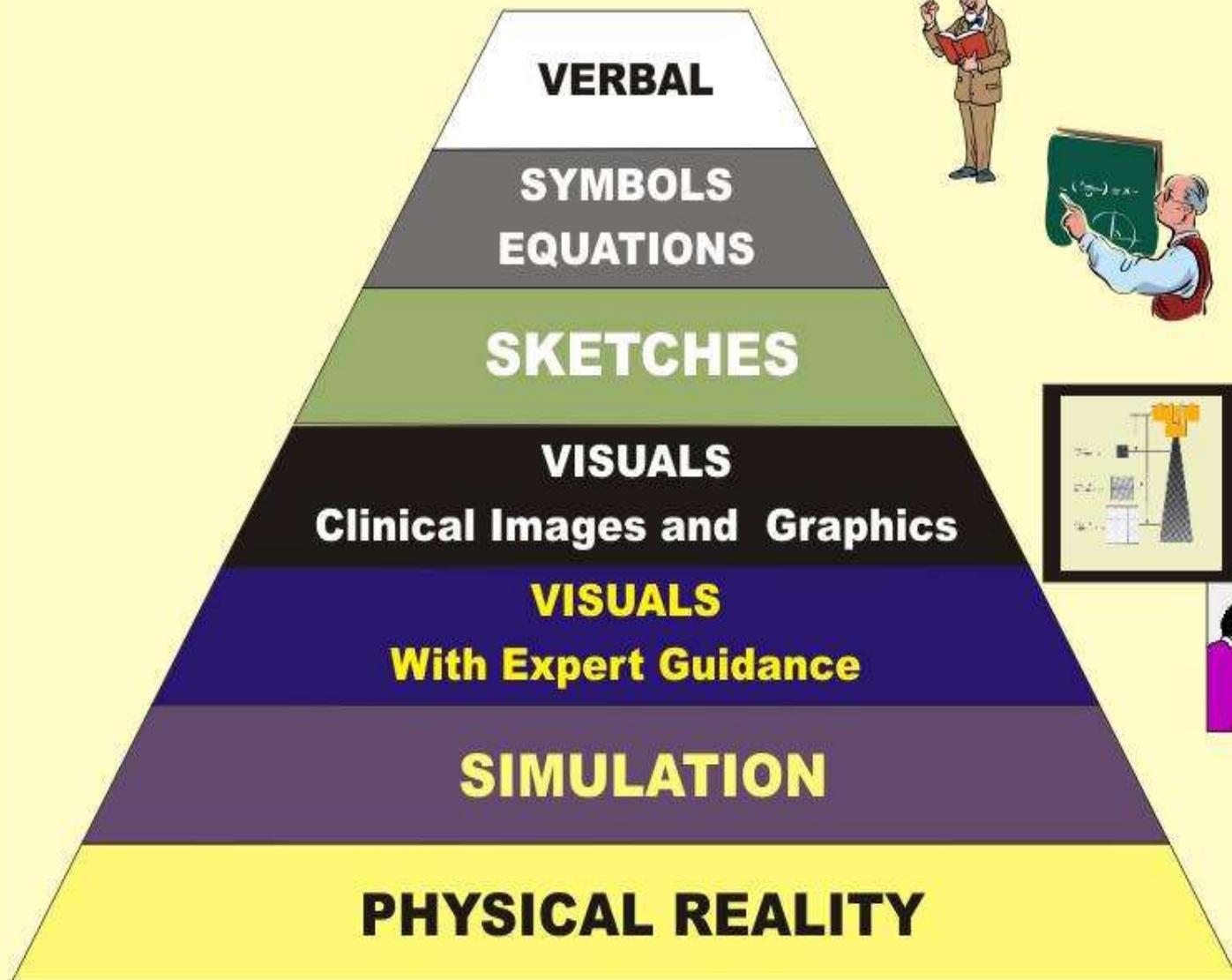


# Edgar Dale (1900-1985)

Educationalist who developed the famous **Cone of Experience** theory



# Cone of Experience for Medical Imaging Education



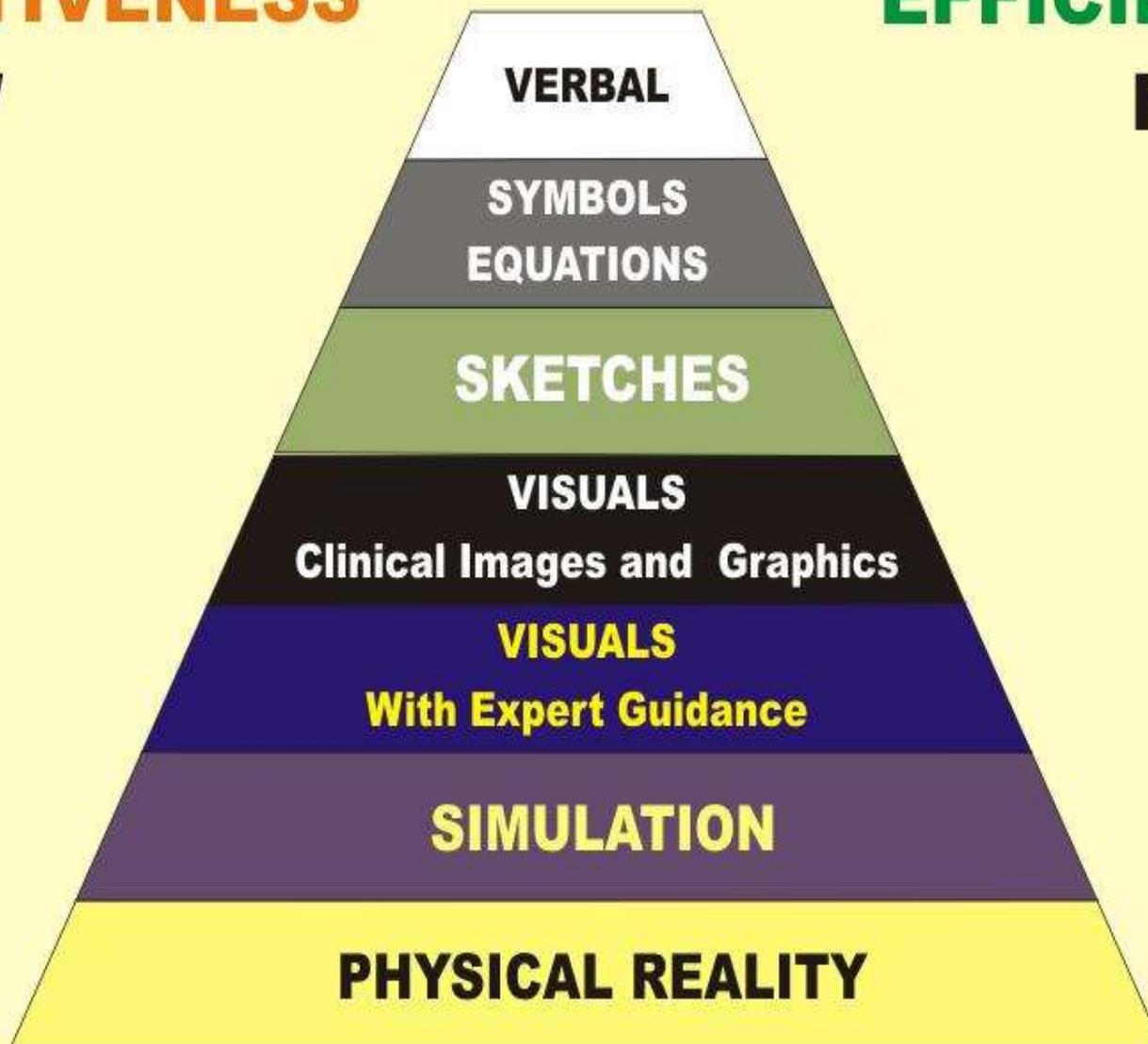
# Cone of Experience for Medical Imaging Education

**EFFECTIVENESS**

**EFFICIENCY**

**LOW**

**HIGH**



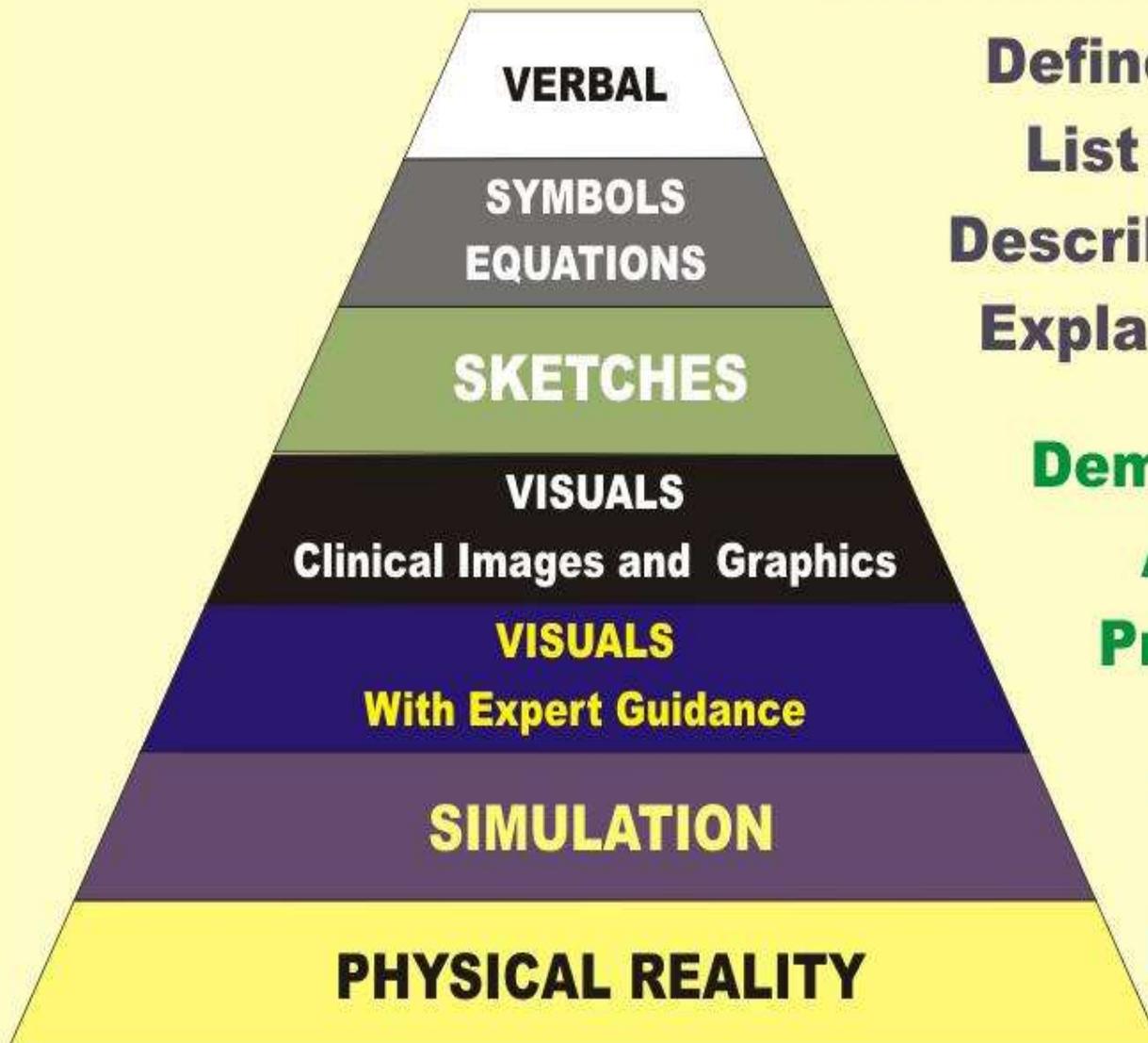
**HIGH**

**LOW**

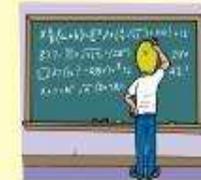
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# Cone of Experience for Medical Imaging Education

## LEARNING OUTCOMES



**Define**  
**List**  
**Describe**  
**Explain**



**Demonstrate**

**Apply**



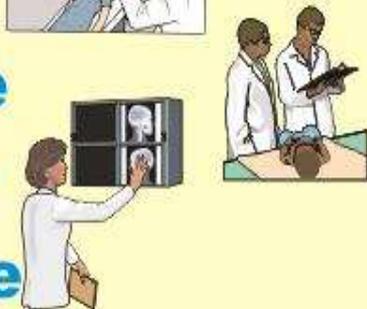
**Practice**



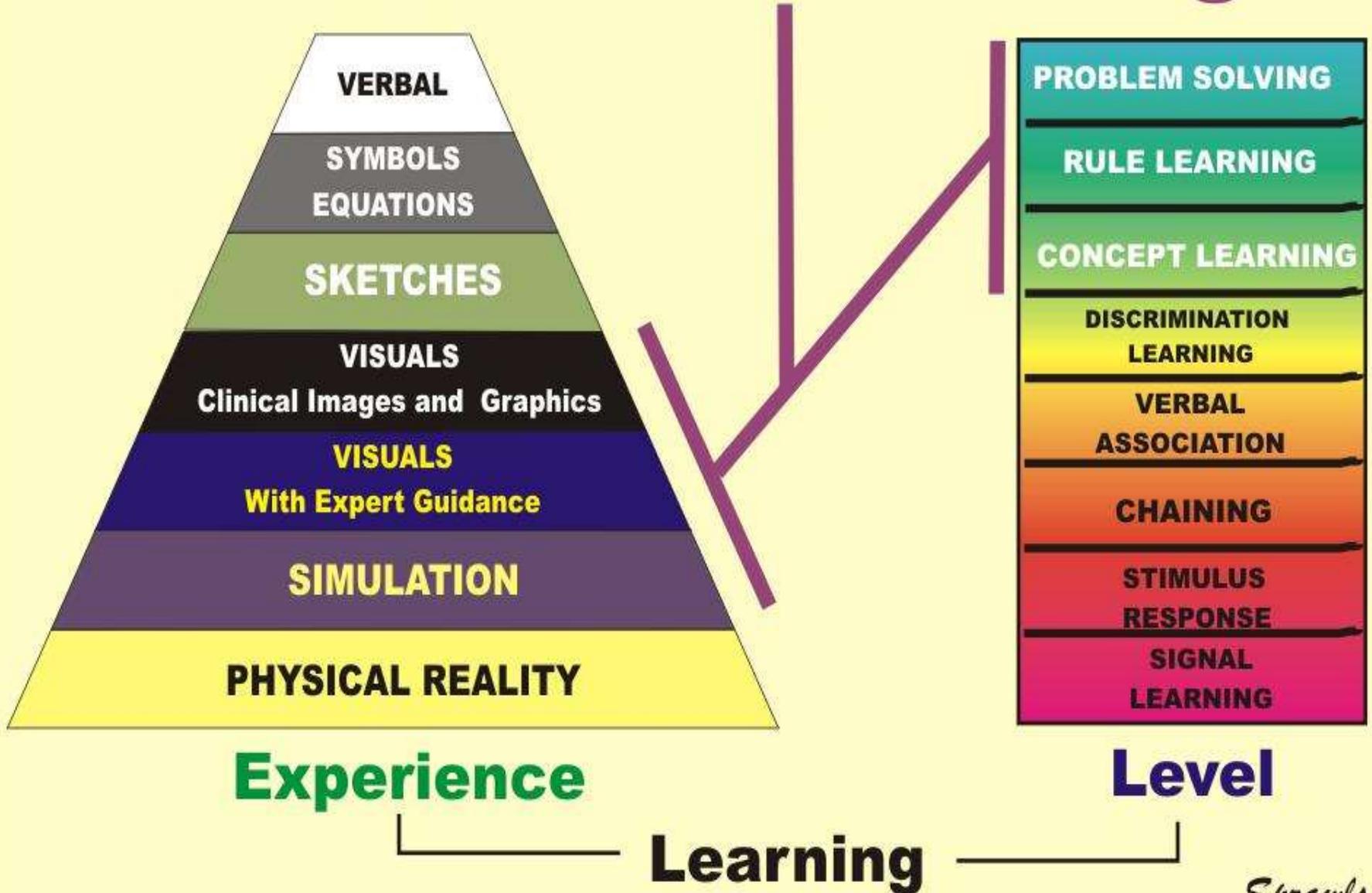
**Analyze**

**Create**

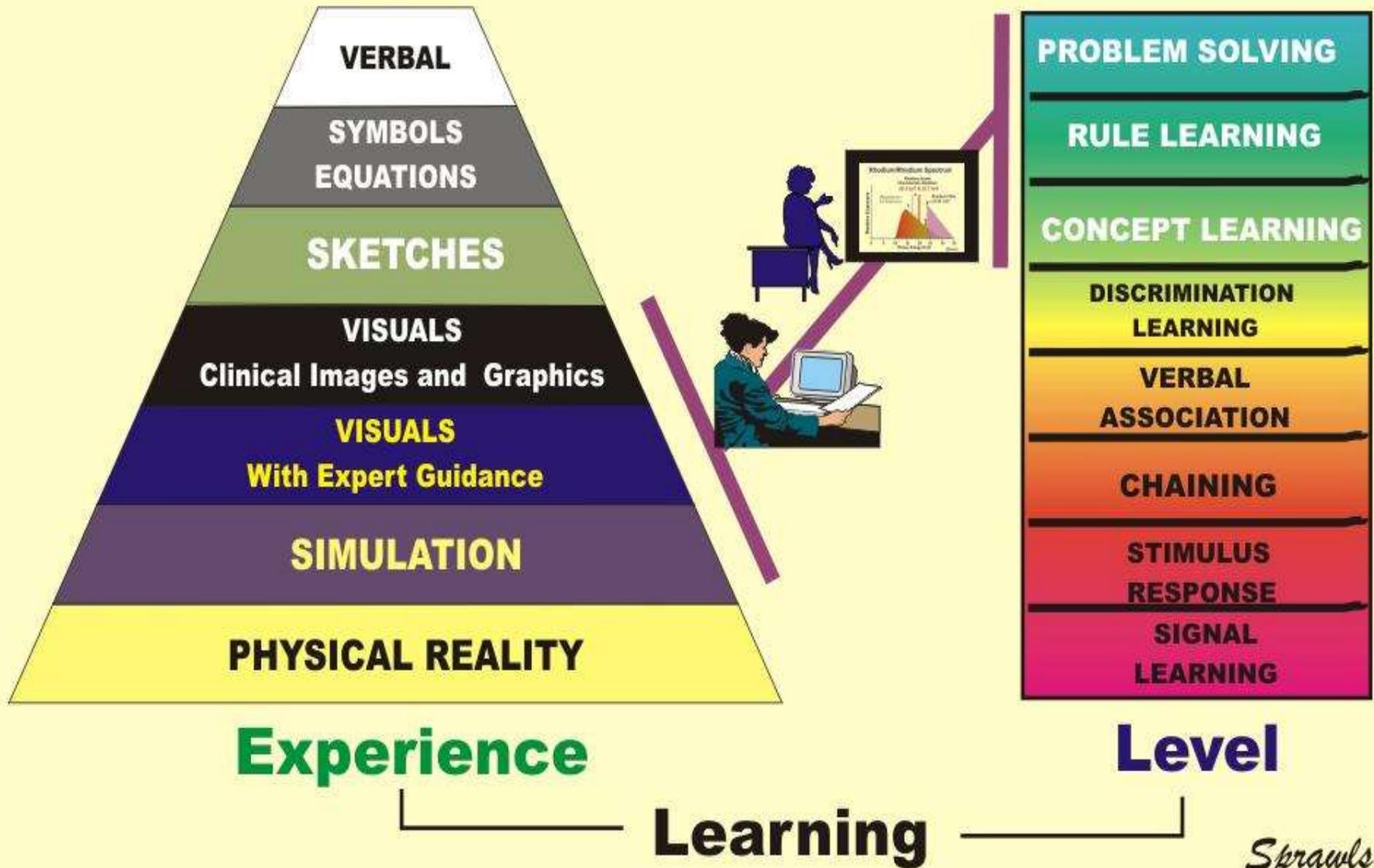
**Evaluate**



# Effective Learning



# Technology Enhanced Learning and Teaching



# Clinically Focused Physics Education

**Classroom**



**Clinical  
Conference**



**Small  
Group**



**“Flying  
Solo”**



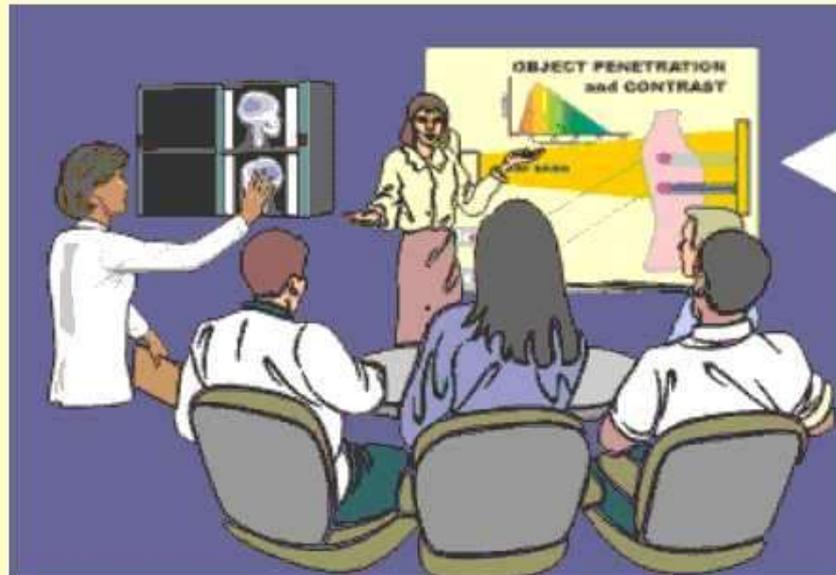
**Highly Efficient**  
**For**  
**General Physics**  
**and**  
**Related Topics**

**Highly Effective**  
**Clinically Rich**  
**Learning Activities**

**Visuals Images Online Modules**  
**Resources and References**

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# Rich Classroom and Conference Learning Activities



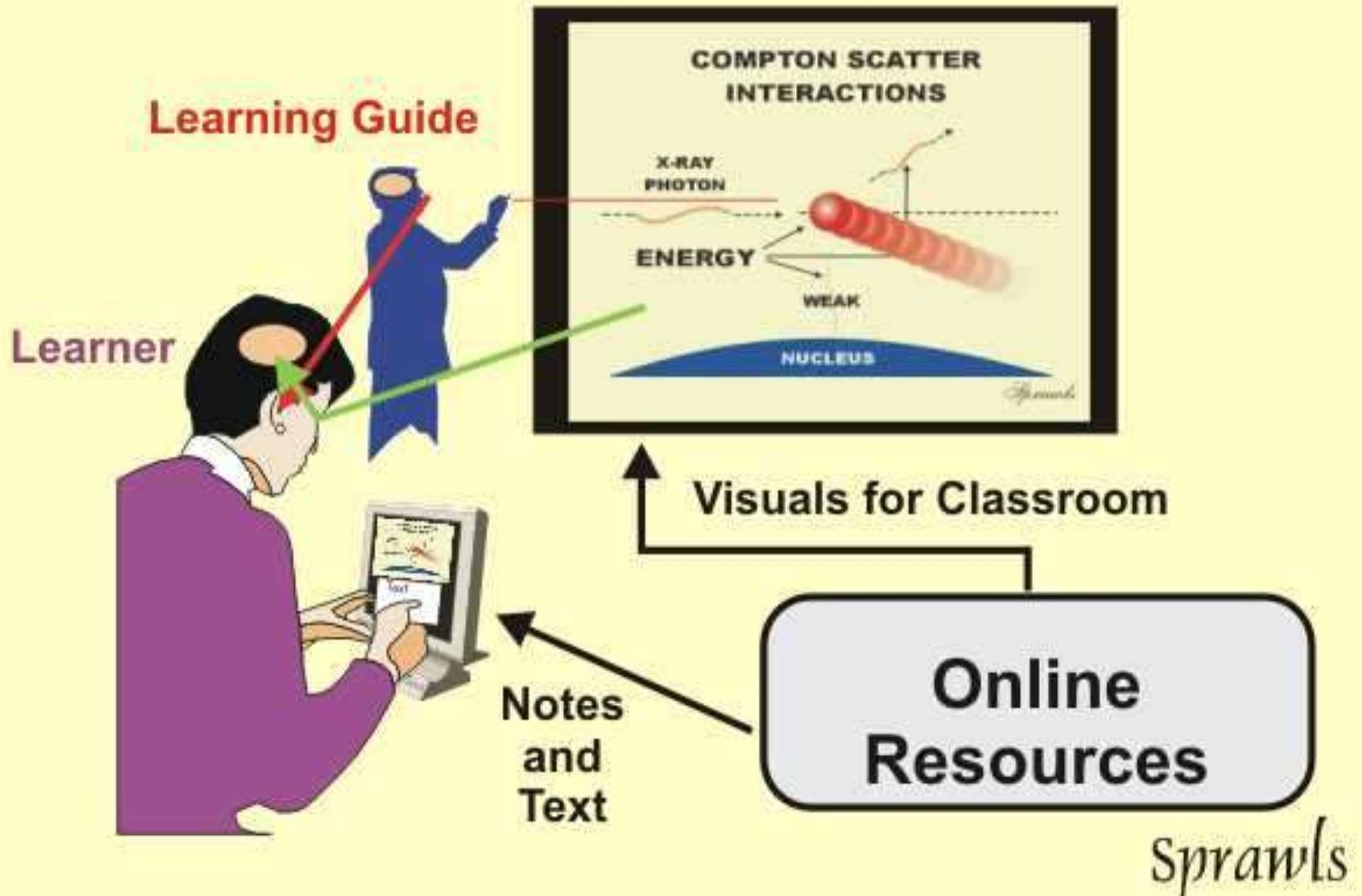
## Visuals

Representations  
of  
Reality

## Learning Facilitator “Teacher”

**Organize and Guide the Learning Activity**  
**Share Experience and Knowledge**  
**Explain and Interpret What is Viewed**  
**Motivate and Engage Learners**

# Technology Enhanced Learning



# Technology Tools



**Connectivity**

# Technology Tools Digitizing



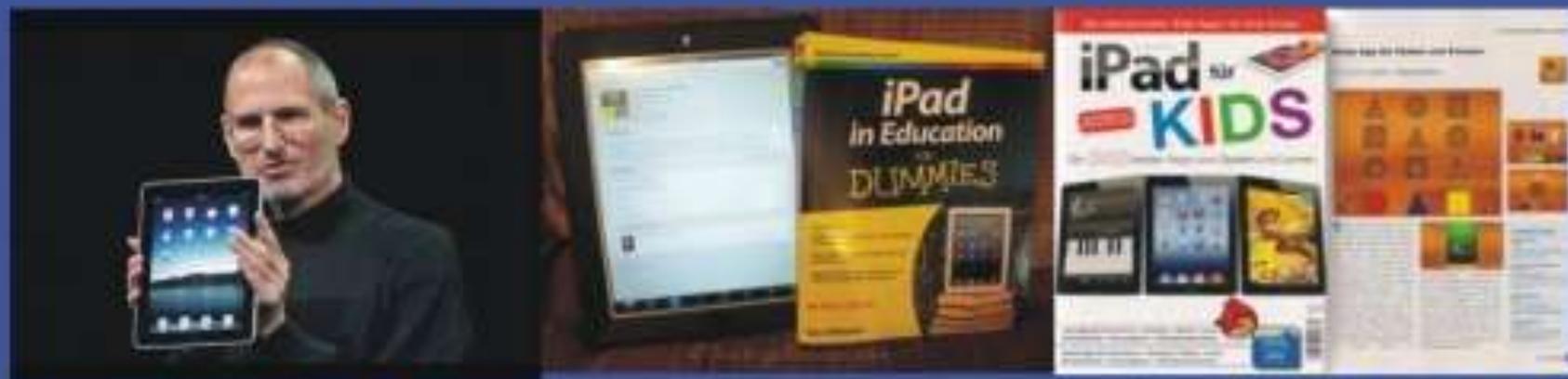
# Technology Tools

## Video



# Technology Tools

## Handheld Devices



USEFUL IPHONE APPS FOR EDUCATION

# Technology Tools

## Developing Digital Images



**I'm a bitmap.**

**I'm a vector.**

# Technology Tools

## Developing Digital Images

**“Paint”**

**Bitmaps**



This illustration is a raster file, made up of pixels.

**“Draw”**

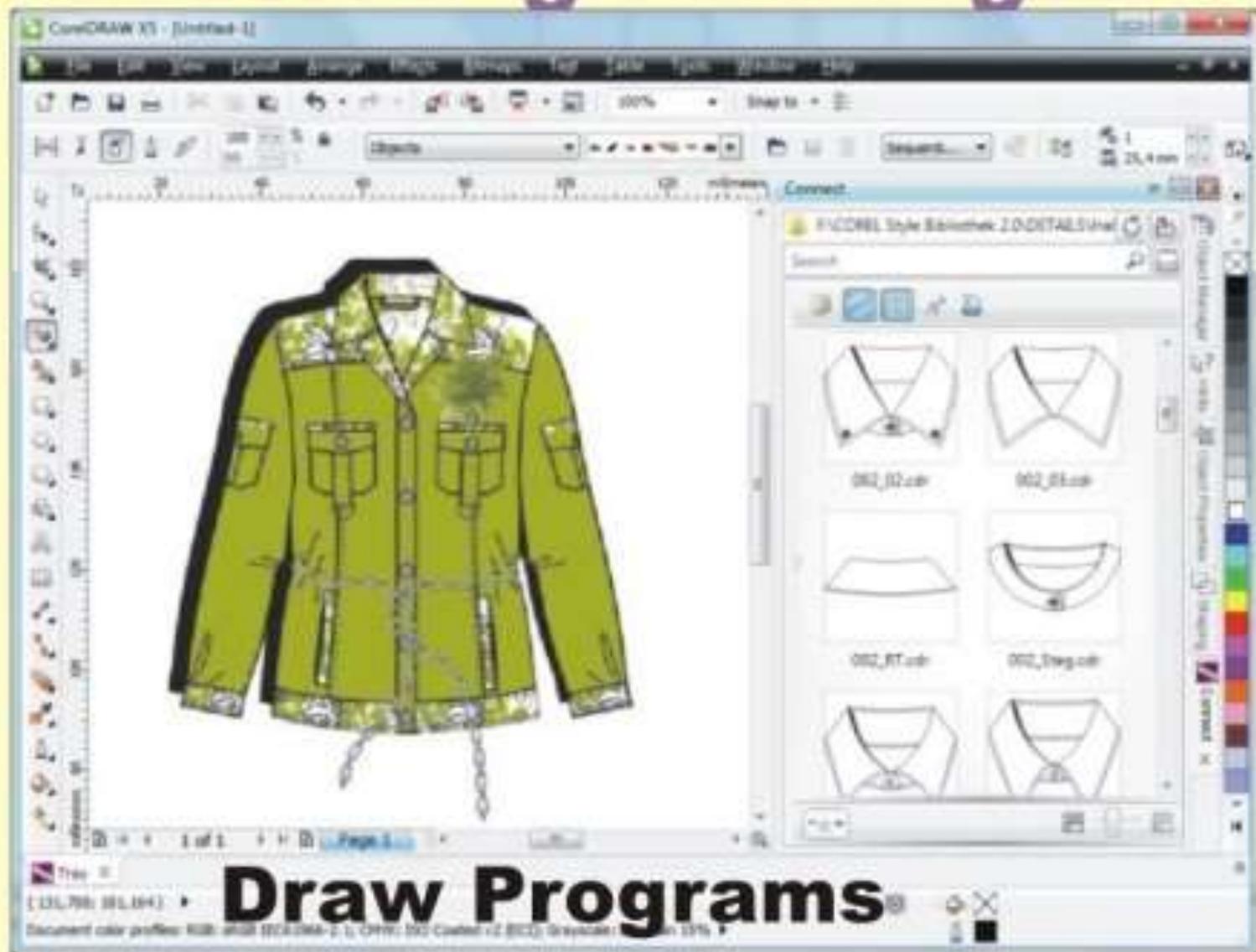
**Vectors**



This illustration is a vector file. The paths have been highlighted for comparison.

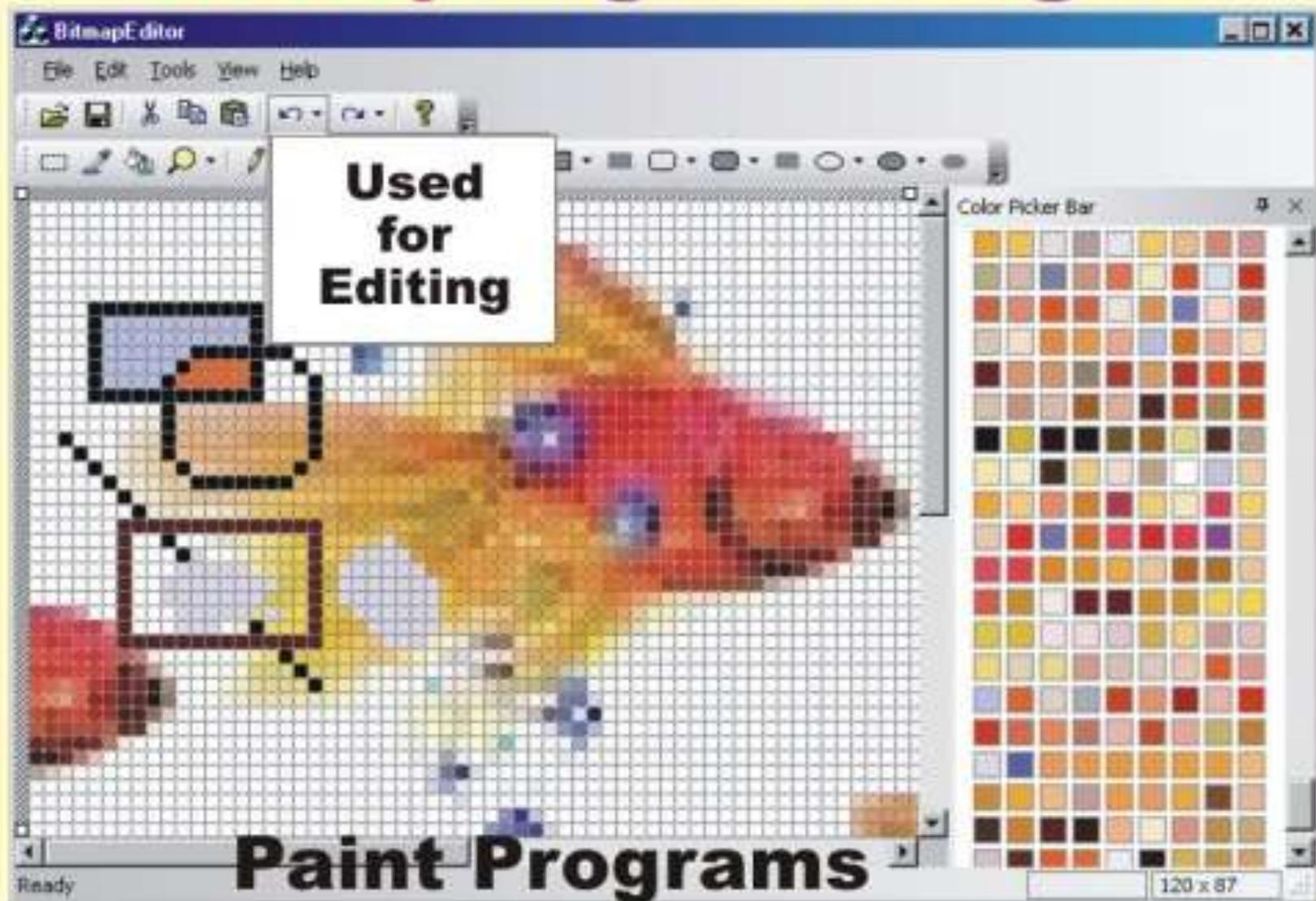
# Technology Tools

## Vector Digital Images



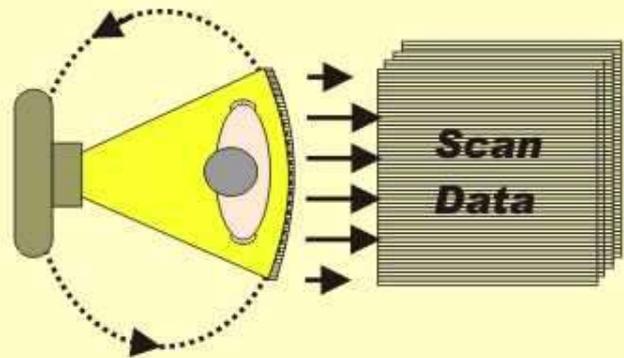
# Technology Tools

## Bitmap Digital Images



# The Three Phases of CT Image Formation

**Scan and Data Acquisition**



**Image Reconstruction**



**Digital/Analog Conversion and Display Control**



**KV**

**Pitch**

**MA**

**Beam Wid.**

**Time**

**Slice Th.**

**FOV**

**Matrix**

**Filter**

**Window Width**

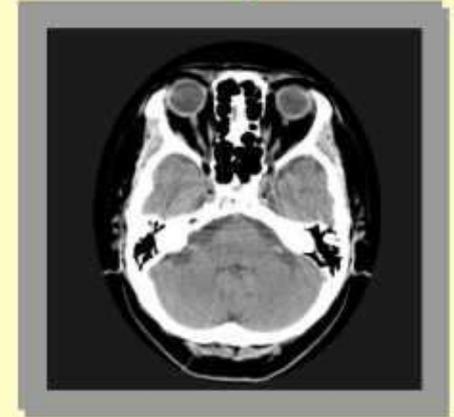
**Window Level**

**Zoom**

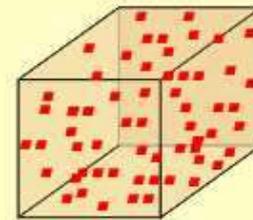
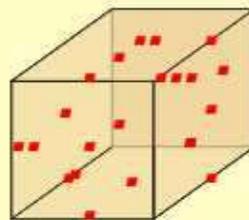
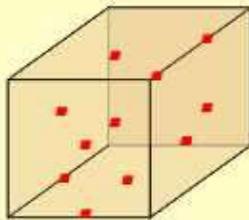
**Major Protocol Factors**

*Sprawls*

# Decreasing Noise



**Requires Increased Photons Absorbed Per Voxel**



**Produces Increasing Dose**

*Sprawls*

# Technology Tools

## Course Management

Nebraska



David W. Brooks

## My Blackboard

Sunday April 2nd, 2000

Logout



### Home

HOME

PERSONAL TOOLS

COURSES

CAMPUS CENTER

COMMUNITY

WEB RESOURCES

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#### My Courses

Applications of Selected Advanced Statistics

Cognitive Science Interest Group

Food Production Management

HSChem1

Statistical Methods

[more ...](#)

#### Today's Announcements

No announcements were posted today.

[more ...](#)

#### Today's Calendar

You have no calendar events today.

[more ...](#)

#### News and Events

Florida 71, North Carolina 59

Mediator in Microsoft Case Gives Up

HSBC Bids \$10.5B for French Bank

Farmers Urge Panel To Boost Exports

Protesters Oppose Returning Elian

#### Accu Weather

CLEAR



Temperature: 34 F

Humidity: 92%

Wind: SSE 6 mph

Visibility: 10 miles

LINCOLN, NE

# Technology Tools

## Web Conferencing

**WebEx**



**GoToMeeting**



**Use in “share desktop” mode.**

*Sprawls*



# The



# Model

**Online Courses**  
**Modular Courses**      **MOOC**



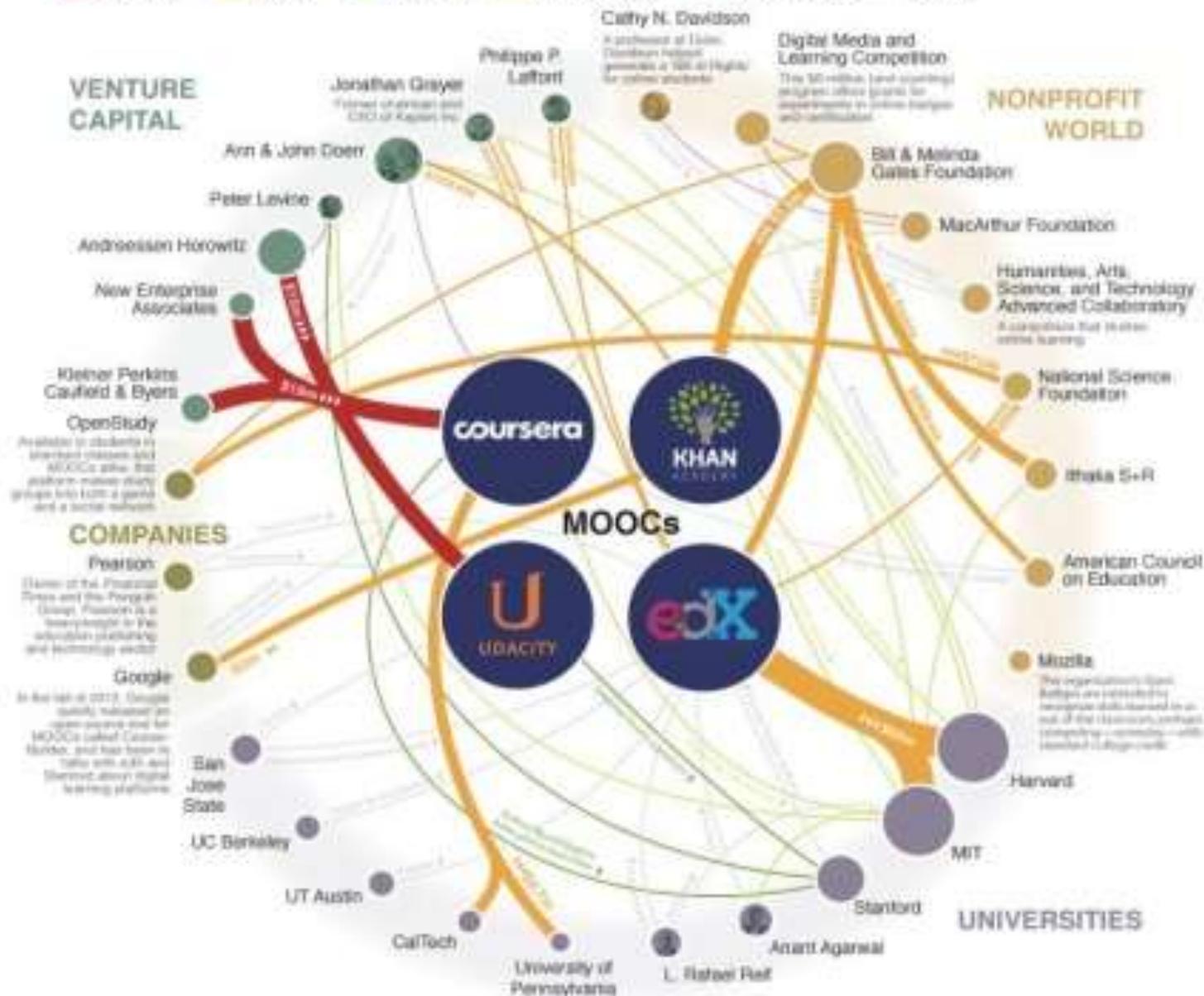
**Reduce the need  
and opportunity  
for local faculty**

**Local Universities**

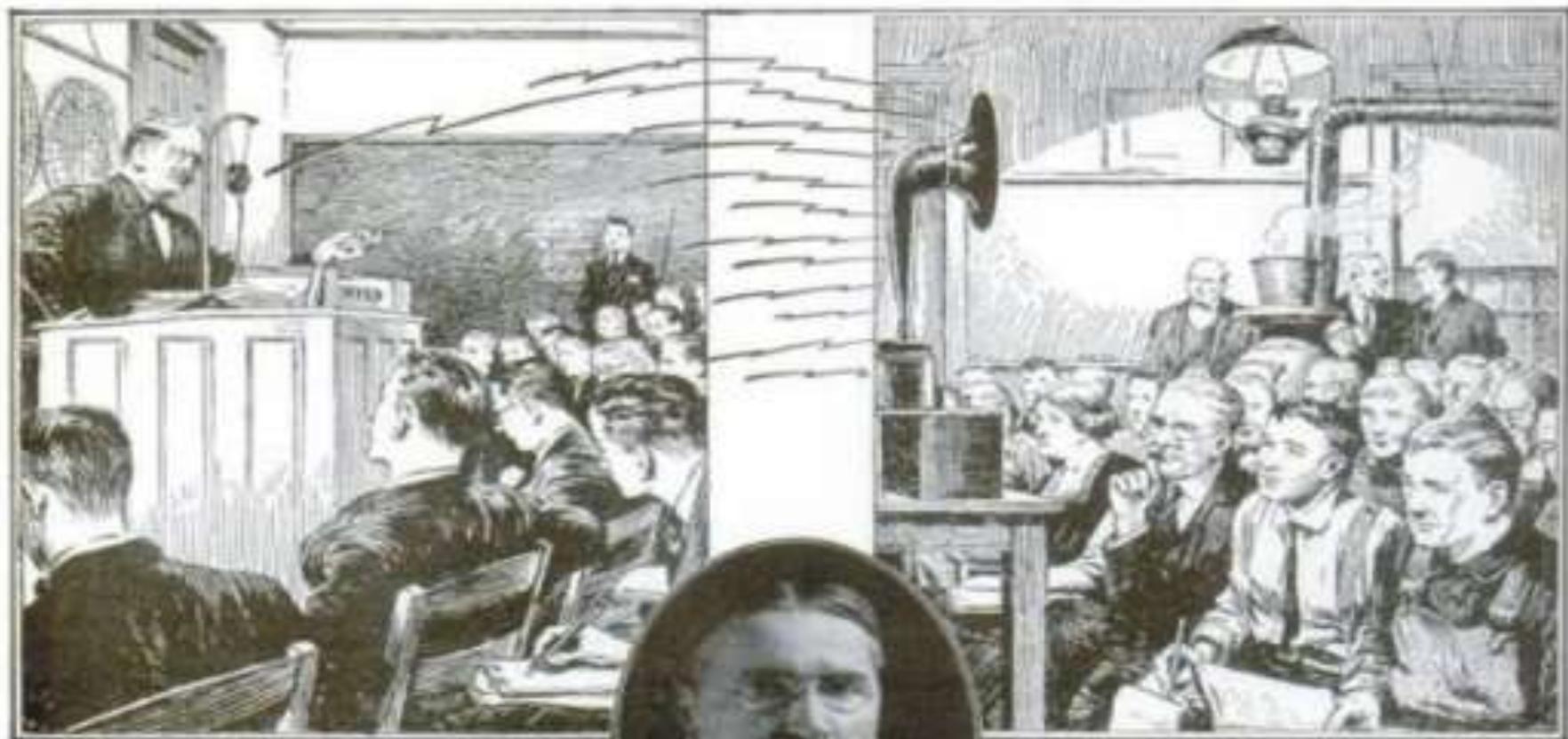
*Sprawls*

# The MOOC Universe

Investor Donor Professor Alumni/fellow Board member Other



# Professor-Inventor Predicts "Radio Universities"



The "radio university" that Prof. Michael Pupin, of Columbia University, believes is sure to come with the further development of the loudspeaker. From the classroom where the university professor lectures to a group of his students—

Radio will carry a wealth of authoritative information and scientific knowledge to hundreds of town halls, factories, and fire-sides, offering a higher education to thousands of men and women to whom such training has hitherto been denied.



**Prof. Michael Pupin**

*Professor of physics; head of the Phoenix Research Laboratory at Columbia University, and inventor of the Pupin coil, which made possible transcontinental telephony*

**A** COLLEGE education for every one who wants it.

A university in the home, in the factory and mill, and in the public hall.

An "aerial soapbox" for the forces of economic progress and right.

A complete course in practically any of the subjects now named in the college curriculum—for five dollars; an elementary course in these subjects for one dollar, and

"In each of the 100 halls 1000 persons—100,000 persons in all—are receiving an education without even leaving the limits of their own neighborhoods!

"Such a picture represents, to my mind, what radio may mean soon as a broadcaster of useful knowledge and as a disseminator of vital information.

"Go a step further. Enter a factory or mill of the future. It is lunchtime and,

# Open Courseware

MITOPENCOURSEWARE  
MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

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"I strive to make as  
much as possible  
enjoyable and  
educational at the same  
time."

Amy Saalee  
Educator  
United States

Read more

## FEATURED COURSE



### 5.301 ChemLab Boot Camp

Episode 1 of ChemLab Boot Camp is available today--meet the 14 freshmen as they enter a lab for the first time.

## edX ENROLLMENT



edX

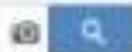
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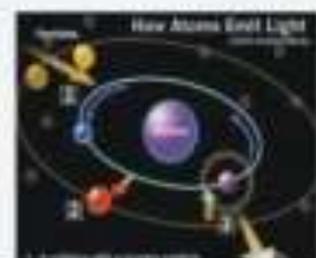
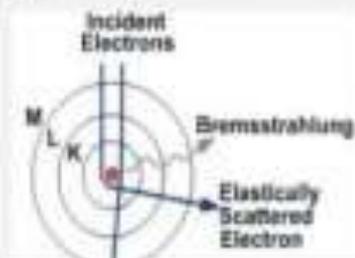
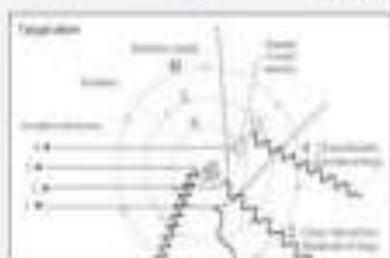
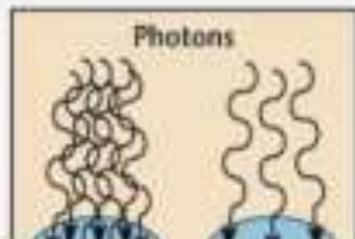
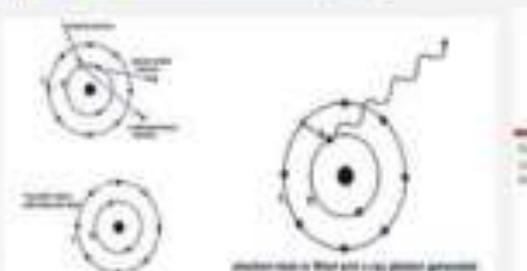
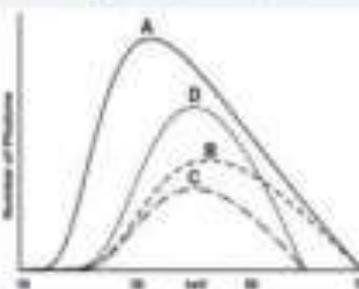
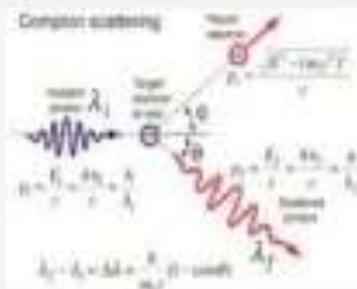
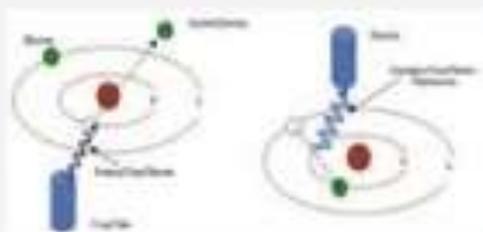
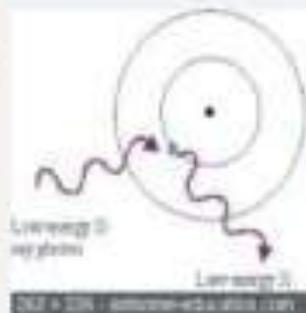
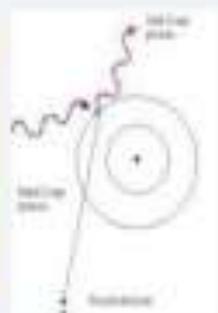
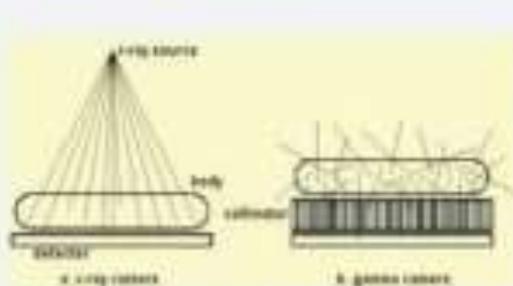
# Google Images

Google xray photons



Web **Images** Videos Shopping News More Search tools

Did you mean: [x ray photons](#)





# The

**Collaborative Teaching**

# Model

**Online Resources**  
Modules Books Visuals



**Enhance the performance  
of physics faculty**



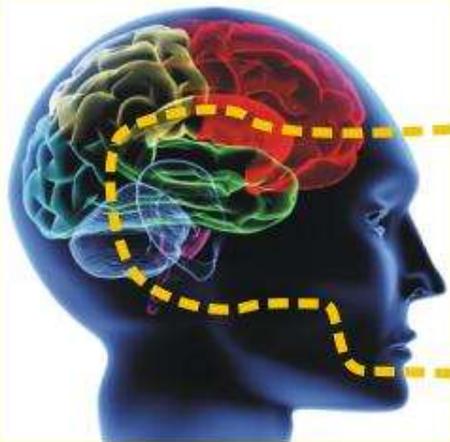
**Knowledge  
Experience  
Guidance  
Role Model**

**Local Universities**

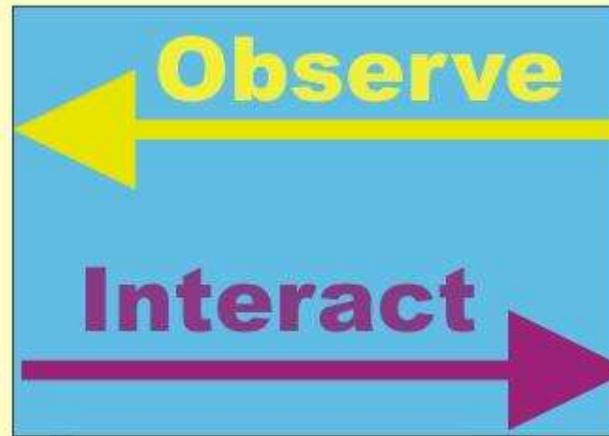
*Sprawls*

# The Elements of A Highly Effective Educational Session

**The Brain**



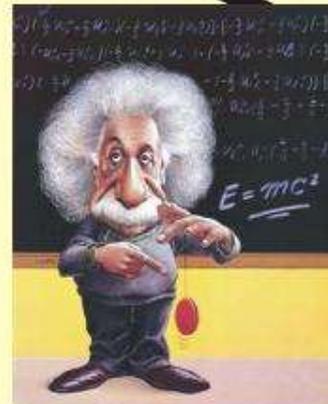
**Connection**



**The Physical Universe**  
(Physics of Medical Imaging)



**“Window”**



**Teacher  
/Guide**

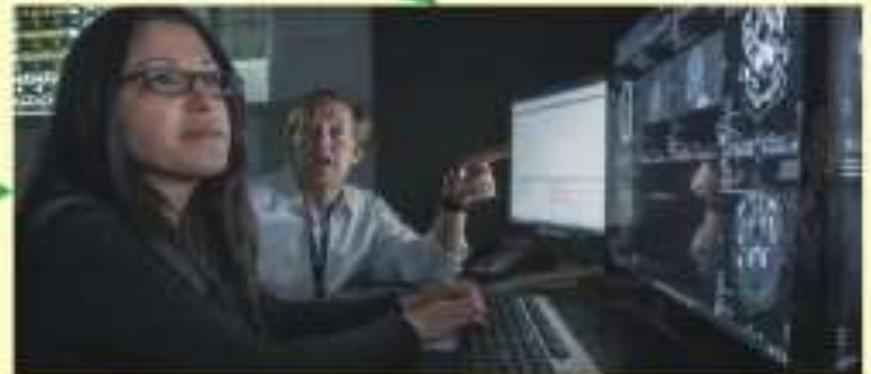
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# The **Collaborative Teaching** Model

**Sprawls Online Resources  
Modules Books Visuals**



**Enhance the performance  
of physics faculty**



**Residents & Radiologists**

**Local Universities**

*Sprawls*

# THE LEARNERS

# WINDOW or BARRIER

# PHYSICAL UNIVERSE



## Visuals

A MAGNETIC FIELD GRADIENT

GRADIENT COILS ON

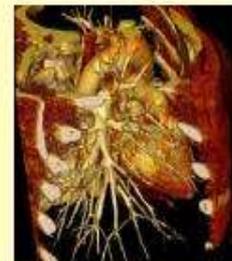
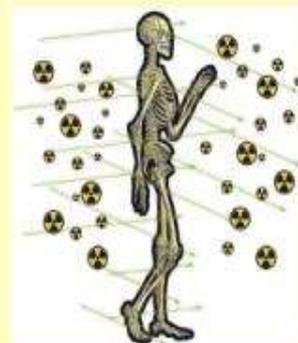
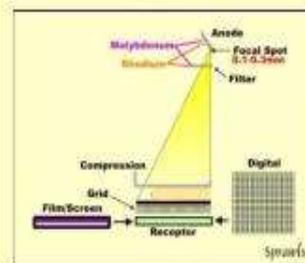
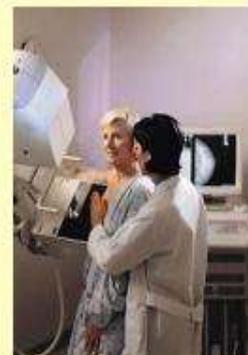
GRADIENT

FIELD STRENGTH GRADIENT COILS OFF

UNIFORM

Receptor

Physicists



*Sprawls*

# Visuals

to be used by

**Physicists in Classroom and Conference Discussions**



## Visuals

for  
Classroom, Conference, and Collaborative Learning

RIGHT CLICK on each visual to download and use in PowerPoint or other display programs.

## Computed Tomography Image Quality Optimization and Dose Management

Companion Module

<http://www.sprawls.org/resources/CTIQDM/>

**Computed Tomography**

Image Characteristics and Quality →  ← Radiation Dose

Imaging Protocols

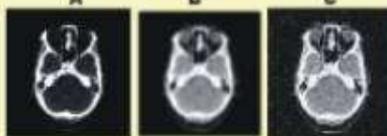
Technology

Science

*Sprawls*

**CT Image Characteristics**

A B C



Reference

*Sprawls*

**CT Image Characteristics**

Contrast Detail Noise



Reference

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**CT Image Characteristics**

Contrast Detail Noise



Objects in the Body  
Physical Contrast

Imaging Procedure  
CONTRAST SENSITIVITY  
High Med Low



Anatomical Detail

Image  
DETAIL  
High - Most Low



# Modules for Self Study and Collaborative Learning in the Clinic

<p><b>SPRAWLS EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATION</b> Open Resources for Learning and Teaching</p>  <p><b>The Physical Principles of Medical Imaging</b></p>	<p><a href="#">How to Use This Resource</a></p> <p><a href="#">Table of Contents and List of Topics</a></p>
--	---

## Computed Tomography Image Quality Optimization and Dose Management

Perry Sprawls, Ph.D.

To step through module, [CLICK HERE](#).  
To go to a specific topic click on it below.

<a href="#">Introduction and Overview</a>	<a href="#">Image Quality Characteristics</a>	<a href="#">Contrast Sensitivity</a>
<a href="#">Visibility of Detail</a>	<a href="#">Visual Noise</a>	<a href="#">Spatial (Geometric) Characteristics</a>
<a href="#">Artifacts</a>	<a href="#">Identifying Characteristics</a>	<a href="#">Characteristics Identified</a>
<a href="#">Image Quality and Dose</a>	<a href="#">CT Image Formation Process</a>	<a href="#">The Scanning Motions</a>
<a href="#">Views and Rays</a>	<a href="#">Multiple Row Detectors</a>	<a href="#">Helical and Spiral Scanning</a>
<a href="#">Image Reconstruction and Voxels</a>	<a href="#">CT Numbers</a>	<a href="#">Hounsfield Unit Scale</a>
<a href="#">Optimizing CT Procedures</a>	<a href="#">Absorbed Dose</a>	<a href="#">Dose Distribution Within Patient</a>
<a href="#">CT Dose Index (CTDI)</a>	<a href="#">Weighted CTDI</a>	<a href="#">Volume CTDI</a>
<a href="#">Dose for Multiple Slices</a>	<a href="#">Dose Length Product (DLP)</a>	<a href="#">Effective Dose</a>
<a href="#">Summary of CT Dose Quantities</a>	<a href="#">Factors That Determine Dose</a>	<a href="#">Factors Affecting Image Detail</a>
<a href="#">Measuring CT Image Noise</a>	<a href="#">Controlling Image Noise</a>	<a href="#">Visual Size Compensation</a>

# **Effective** Medical Imaging Physics Learning **...In The Clinic**

**The Real World** **Motivating** **Interactive** **Collaborative**



**The Physicist Provides:  
Learning Modules & Collaboration**

*Sprawls*



**SPRAWLS EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATION**  
 Open Resources  
 for  
 Learning and Teaching



**The Physical Principles of Medical Imaging**

[How to Use This Resource](#)  
[Table of Contents and List of Topics](#)

# Mammography Physics and Technology for effective clinical imaging

Perry Sprawls, Ph.D.

Outline	Mind Map	Learning Objectives	Visuals for Discussion		Text Reference
---------	----------	---------------------	------------------------	--	----------------

To step through module, [CLICK HERE.](#)

To go to a specific topic click on it below

<a href="#">Imaging Objectives</a>	<a href="#">Rhodium Anode</a>	<a href="#">Blurring and Visibility of Detail</a>
<a href="#">Visibility of Pathology</a>	<a href="#">KV Values for Mammography</a>	<a href="#">Focal Spot Blurring</a>
<a href="#">Image Quality Characteristics</a>	<a href="#">Scattered Radiation and Contrast</a>	<a href="#">Receptor Blurring</a>
<a href="#">Not a Perfect Image</a>	<a href="#">Image Exposure Histogram</a>	<a href="#">Composite Blurring</a>
<a href="#">Mammography Technology</a>	<a href="#">Receptor &amp; Display Systems</a>	<a href="#">Magnification Mammography</a>
<a href="#">Imaging Technique Factors</a>	<a href="#">Film Contrast Transfer</a>	<a href="#">Mean Glandular Dose</a>
<a href="#">Contrast Sensitivity</a>	<a href="#">Film Contrast Factors</a>	
<a href="#">Physical Contrast Compared</a>	<a href="#">Film Design for Mammography</a>	
<a href="#">Factors Affecting Contrast Sensitivity</a>	<a href="#">Controlling Receptor (Film) Exposure</a>	
<a href="#">X-Ray Penetration and Contrast</a>	<a href="#">Film Processing</a>	
<a href="#">Optimum X-Ray Spectrum</a>	<a href="#">Variations in Receptor Sensitivity</a>	
<a href="#">Effect of Breast Size</a>	<a href="#">Film Viewing Conditions</a>	



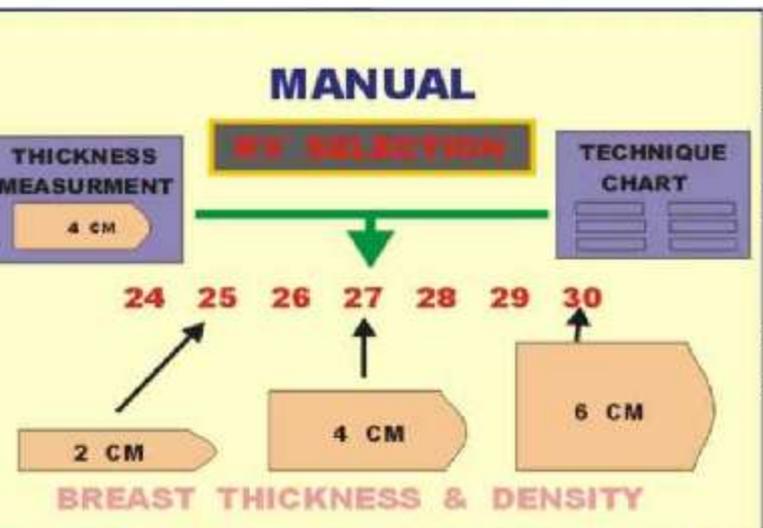
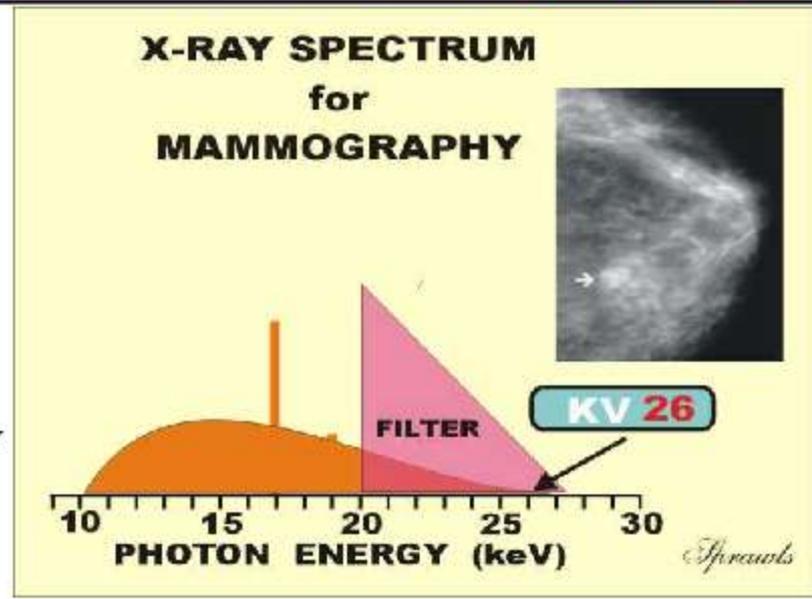
The x-ray beam spectrum is one of the most critical factors that must be adjusted to optimize a procedure with respect to contrast sensitivity and dose.

We can think of it as a three-step procedure:

1. Select the appropriate anode (moly or rhodium)
2. Select the appropriate filter (moly or rhodium)
3. Select the appropriate KV (In the range 24 kV to 32 kV)

Increasing the KV has two effects on the x-ray beam. It increases the efficiency and output for a specific MAS value and it shifts the photon energy spectrum forward so that the beam becomes more penetrating.

While a more penetrating beam does reduce contrast sensitivity it is necessary when imaging thicker and more dense breast. Therefore compressed breast thickness is the principal factor that determines the optimum KV.



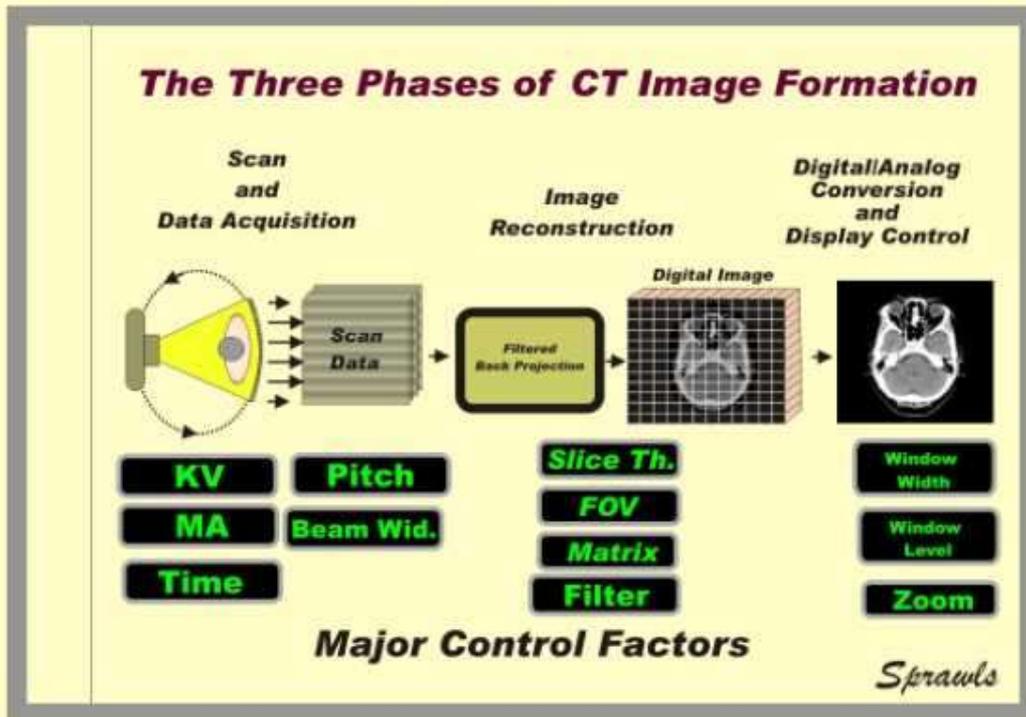
Mammography systems have indicators that display the thickness of the compressed breast. This along with a general assessment of breast density is used to manually select an optimum KV either from experience or an established technique chart.

The general goal is to increase the KV as necessary to keep the exposure time, MAS, and dose to the breast within reasonable limits as breast thickness increases.

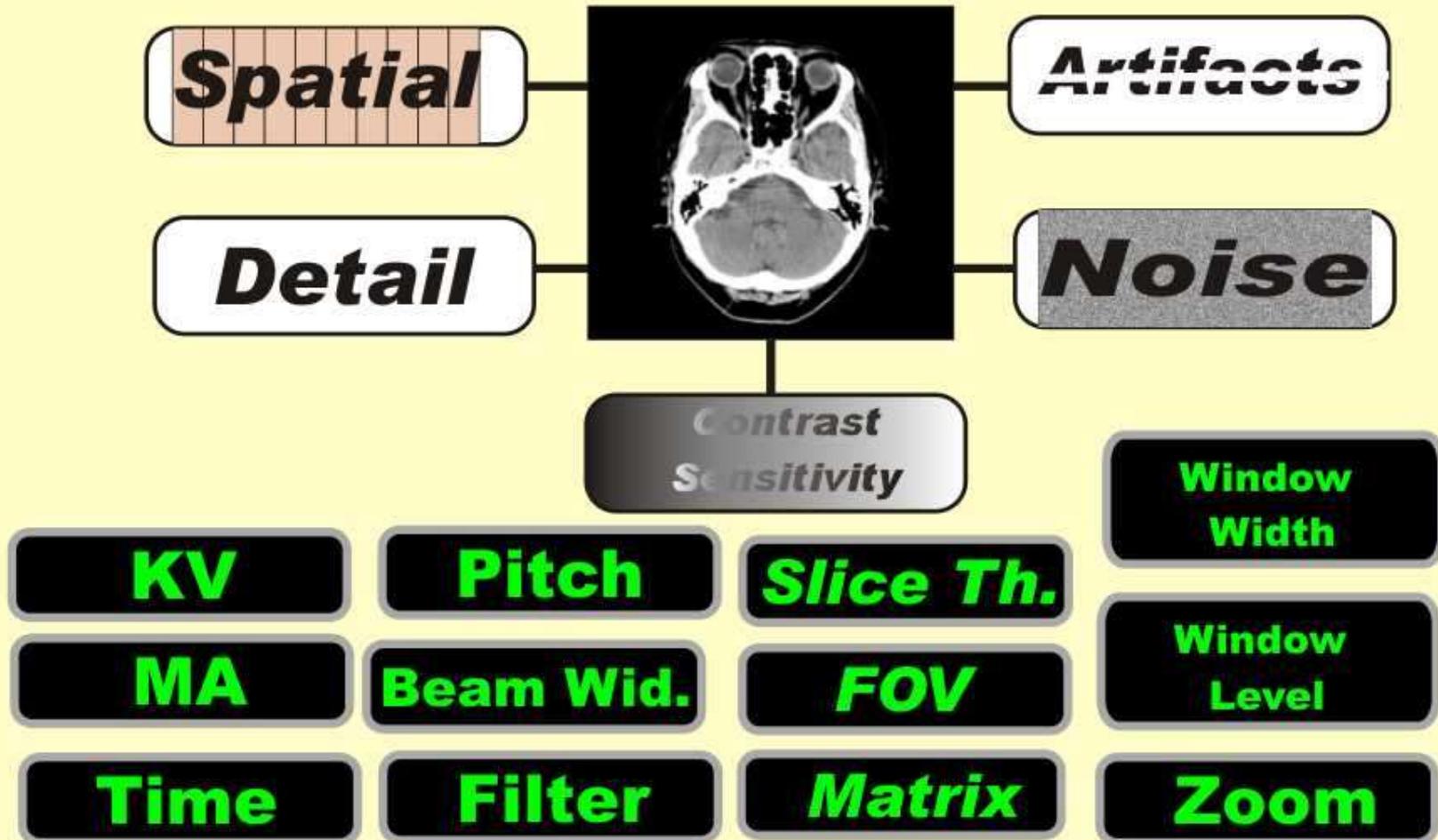
# Visuals for Learning and Teaching

## The Imaging Process

## Clinical Images

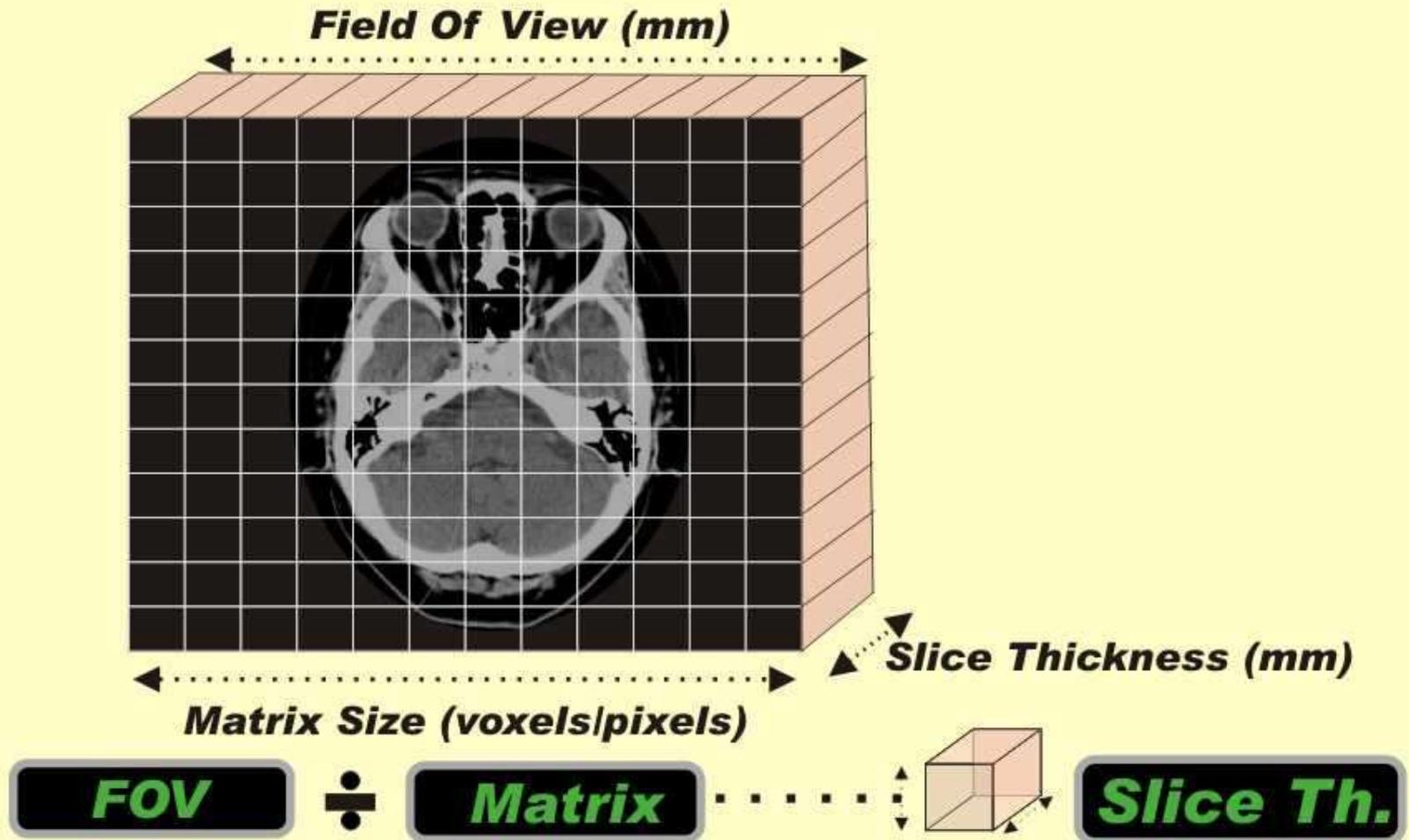


# CT Image Characteristics



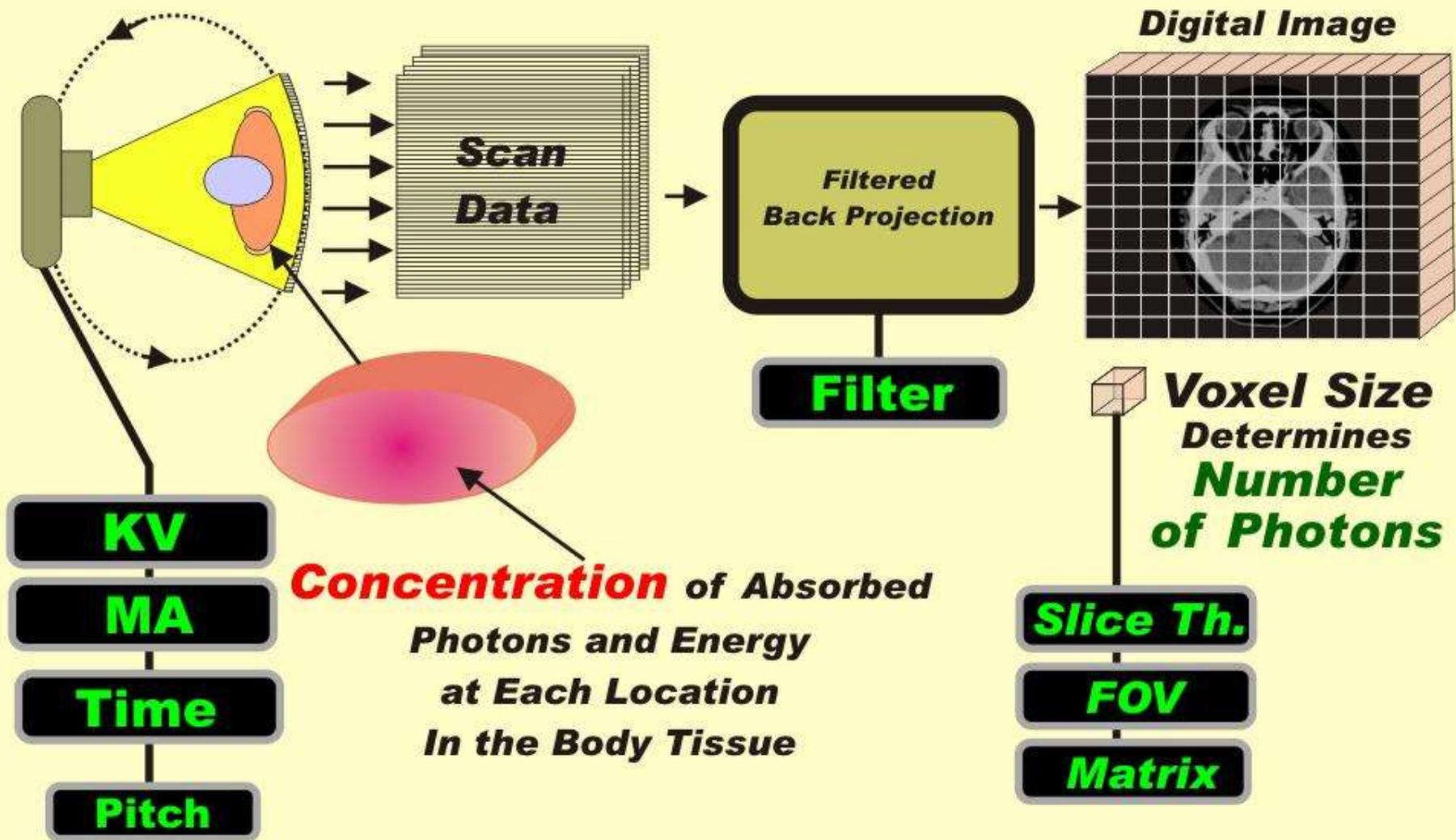
**Major Protocol Factors**

# CT Slice Divided into Matrix of Voxels



**Voxel Size Controlled By**

# Factors That Determine Image Noise

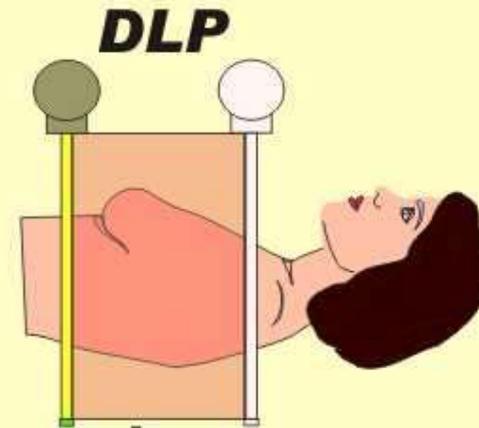


# CT Dose Quantities

**Effective Dose**



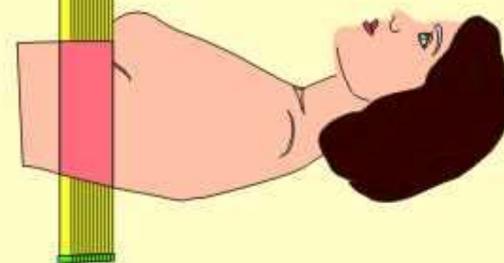
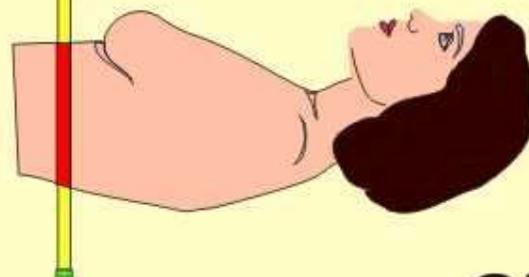
**Factors**



**DLP**

**Scan Length**

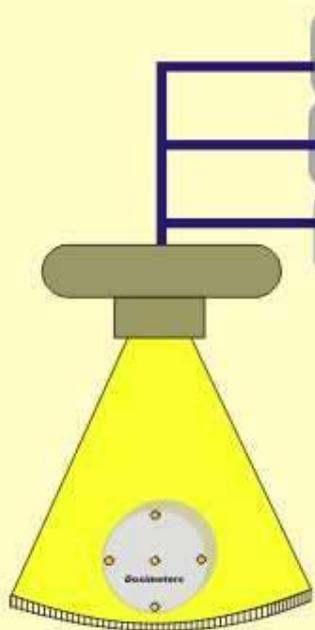
**Pitch**



**CTDI** *weighted*

**CTDI** *volume*

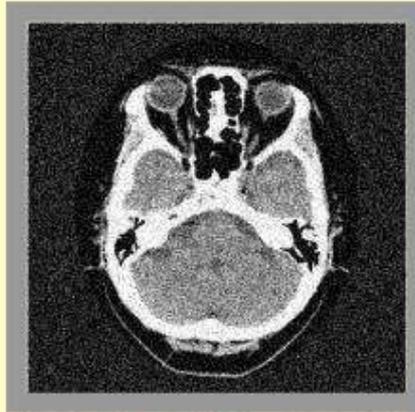
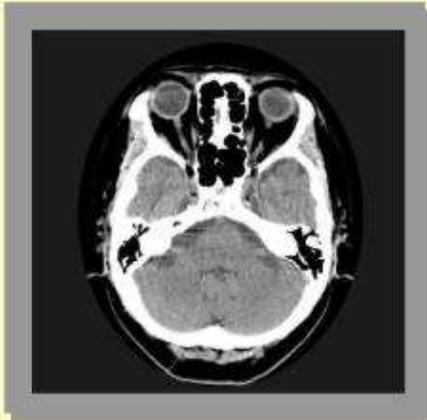
*Sprawls*



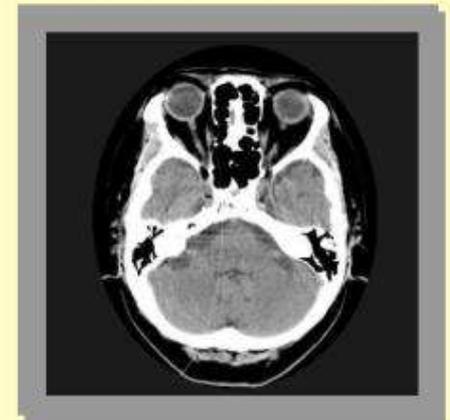
**KV**  
**Time**  
**MA**

# Relationship of Radiation Dose to Image Detail

**Lower Dose**



**Higher Dose**



**When detail is increased by**

**Decreasing**

**Slice Th.**

**Increasing**

**Matrix**

**Decreasing**

**FOV**

**Noise Increases**

Because of decreased voxel size



**Dose must be increased to reduce noise.**

# *The Sprawls Resources*

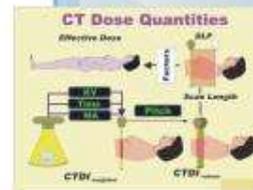
**Sharing the Emory Experience with the World  
With Emphasis on the Developing Countries**

**Emory**



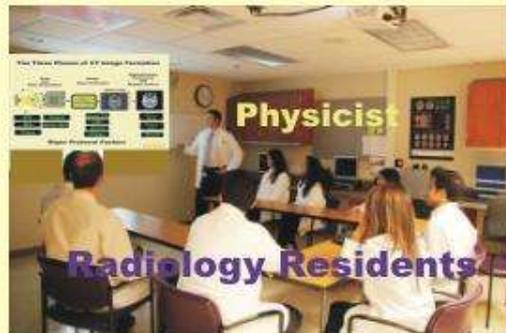
[www.sprawls.org/resources](http://www.sprawls.org/resources)

**Open Access  
Educational Resources**



**Visuals Books Modules**

**Global Impact**

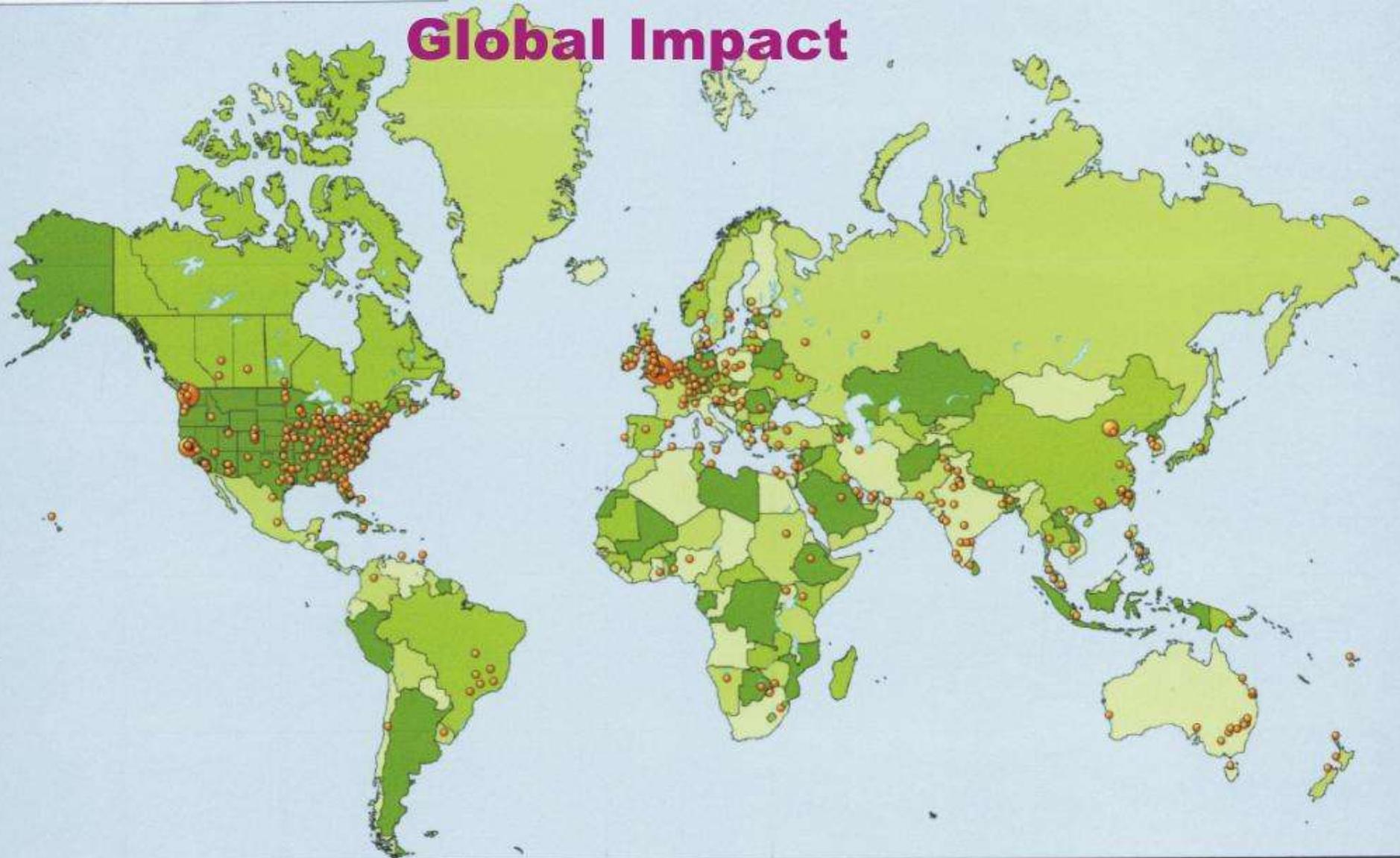


**Enhancing Radiology Education  
in Every Country of the World**

# *The Sprawls Resources*

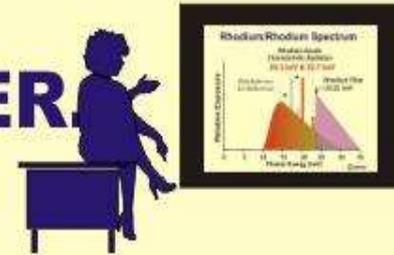
## **Users, April 2013**

### **Global Impact**



# The Values We Hold

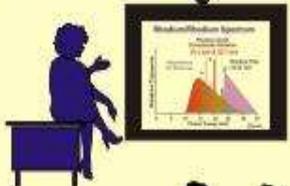
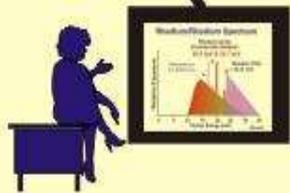
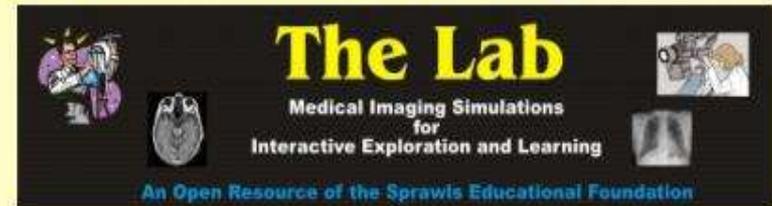
**The PHYSICIST is the TEACHER**



**TECHNOLOGY is the TOOL that can be used for effective and efficient teaching.**

**Technology should be used to enhance human performance of both learners (residents, students, etc.) And teachers**



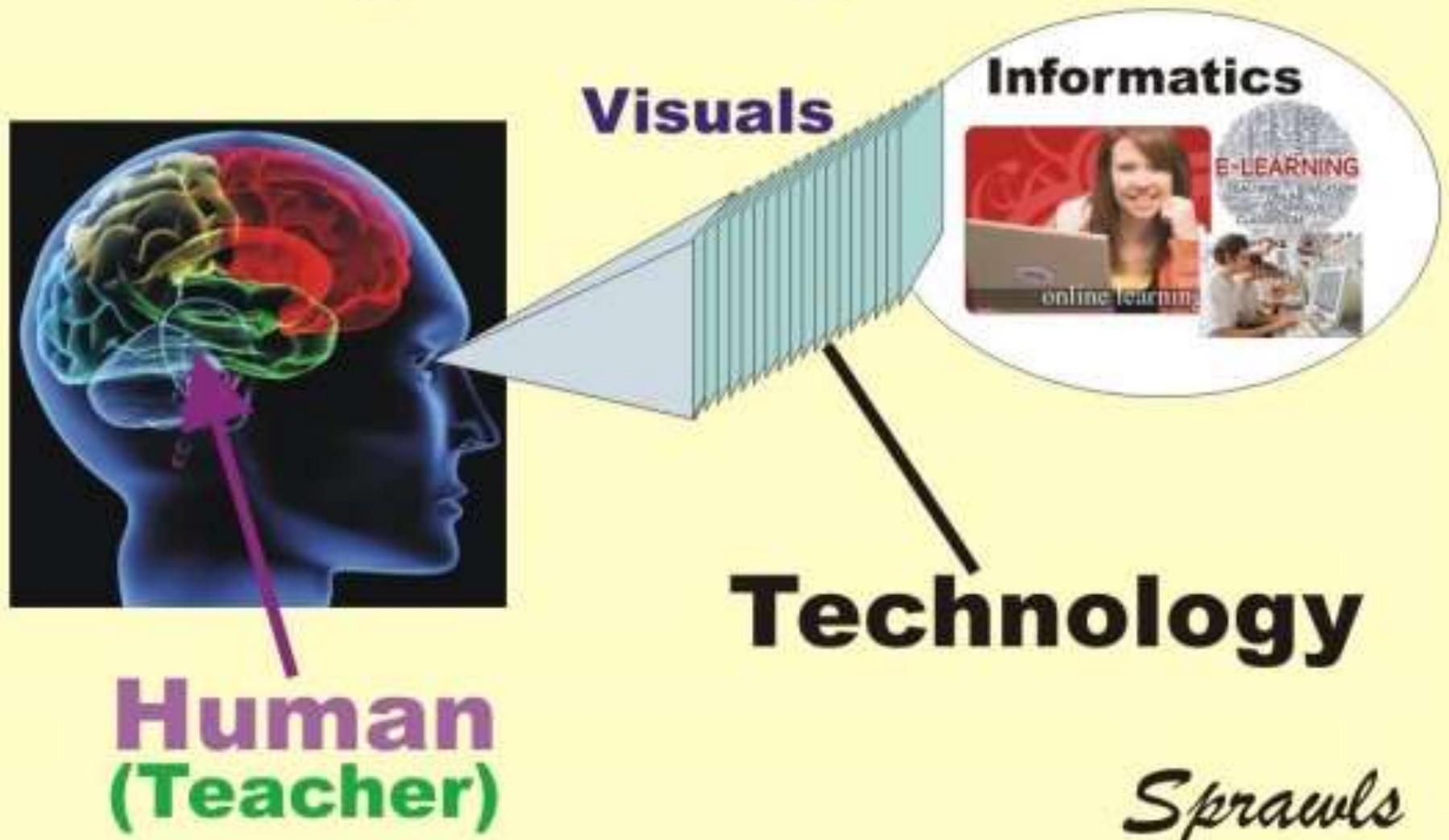


In **Partnership** with Other Medical Physics Teachers  
to be More **Effective** and **Efficient** in Providing  
**Medical Imaging Education**

# Conclusion

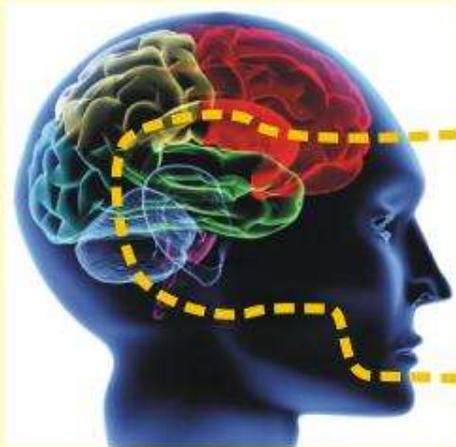
In This Session

## Building Knowledge Structures



# The Elements of A Highly Effective Educational Session

## The Brain



## Follow Up

**R**evue  
**R**efresh  
**R**eflect  
**R**ecall  
**R**emember  
**R**e-inforce

## The Physical Universe (Physics of Medical Imaging)



**Web-based Resources**  
([www.sprawls.org/ipad](http://www.sprawls.org/ipad))

*Sprawls*

# Conclusion

After This Session

## Enhancing Knowledge Structures

Review  
&  
Refresh



Technology

**Create**

*Sprawls*

## Sprawls References for Additional Viewing

### **AAPM Virtual Library Presentations**

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1. [The Elements of a Highly Effective Educational Session](#)
2. [Medical Physics and Technology Education for Society: Adults, Teenagers, and Elementary Students](#)
3. [Effective Medical Imaging Physics Education](#)
4. [Clinically Focused Physics Education](#)
5. [Education Council Symposium - Effective Use of Web-Based Resources to Enrich Classroom and Collaborative Learning Activities](#)
6. [Models and Resources for Intergrated Teaching and Learning of Medical Imaging Physics and Technology](#)
7. [Radiology Resident Education: A Resource Model for Integrated Learning](#)

**Published in Medical Physics International ([www.mpijournal.org](http://www.mpijournal.org) )**

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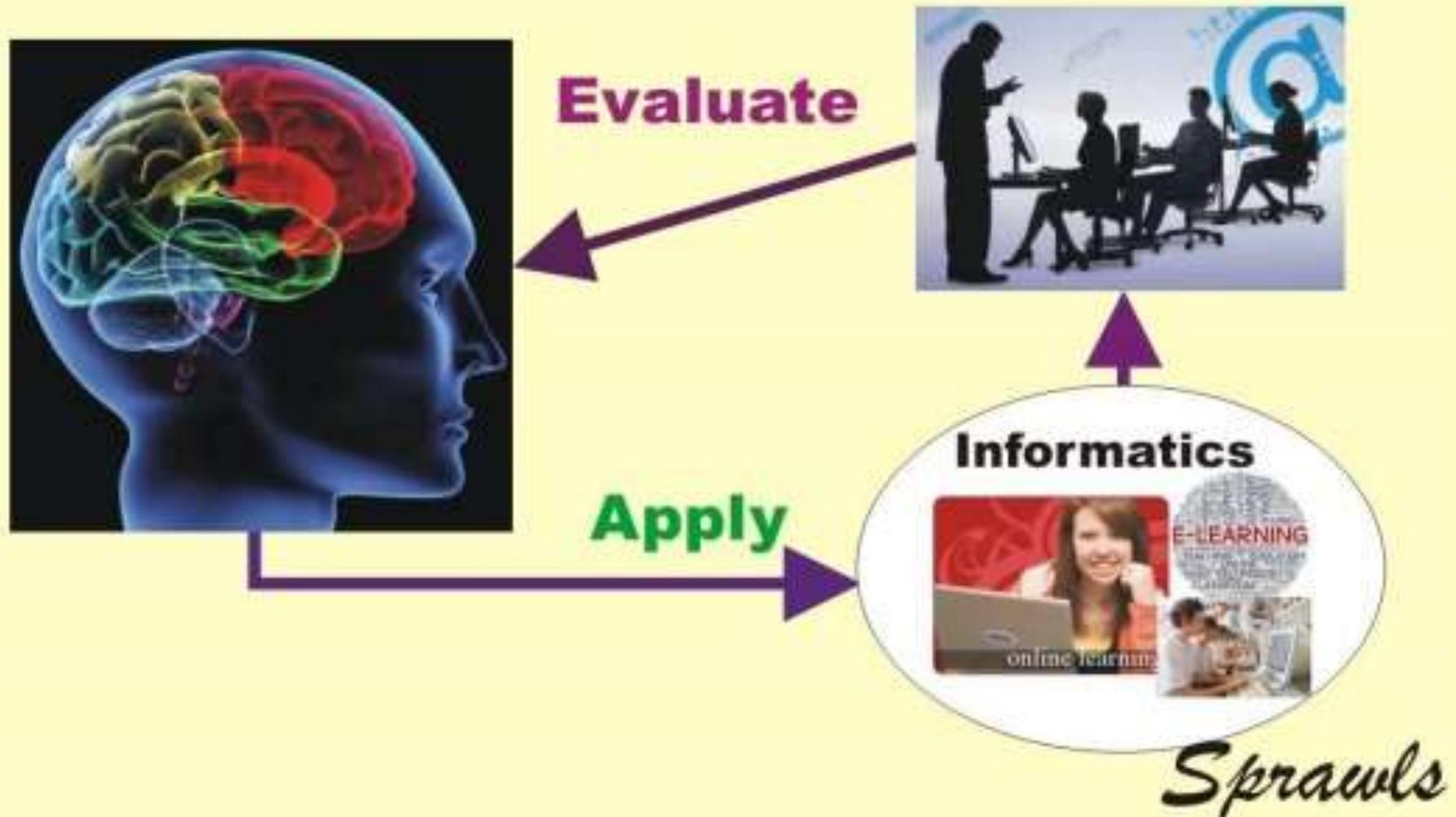
[PHYSICS EDUCATION FOR THE OPTIMIZATION OF MRI CLINICAL PROCEDURES: VISUALIZING THE INVISIBLE AND COLLABORATIVE TEACHING](#)

[EFFECTIVE PHYSICS EDUCATION FOR OPTIMIZING CT IMAGE QUALITY AND DOSE MANAGEMENT WITH OPEN ACCESS RESOURCES](#)

# Conclusion

## Using Knowledge For

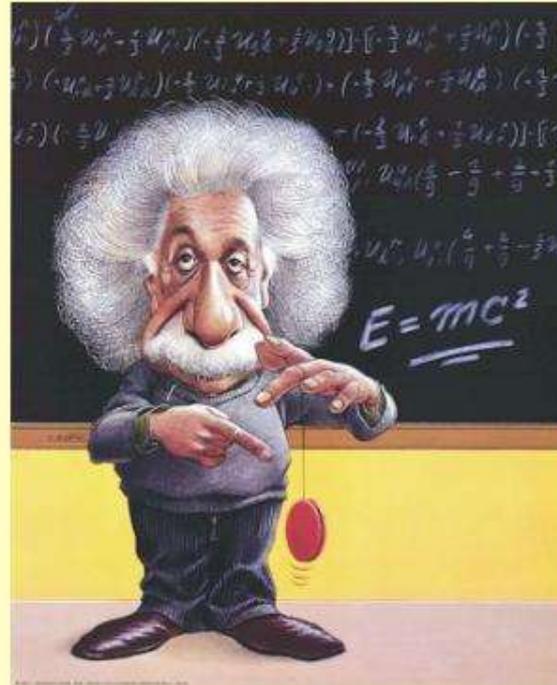
More Effective & Efficient Learning Activities



# The Physicist as an Educator and Teacher

## Our Objectives

Provide more  
**EFFECTIVE**  
learning activities.



Be  
**EFFICIENT**  
in our  
teaching

**Challenges**      **Opportunities**

*Sprawls*



# **Informatics for Medical Physics Education**

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